WEATHER
Fair and somewhat cooler Monday; Tuesday partly cloudy.

THE MORNING STAR
WILMINGTON

THE BIGGEST NEWS in any newspaper or magazine is the advertising. Here are tidings which are vital to every reader.

VOL. XCVIII—NO. 144 WILMINGTON, N. C., MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 14, 1916 WHOLE NUMBER 39,672

ONLY THE PRESIDENT CAN AVERT A STRIKE OF THE RAILROAD MEN

Controversy is Laid Before Him, and the Scene Now Shifts to the National Capital.

ARBITRATION IS REFUSED

Representatives of the Railroads and the Brotherhoods Leave for Washington.

MEDIATORS MAKE REPORT

Statement as to Cause of Final Break Are Conflicting.

New York, August 13. — A general strike on very near all the railroads of the country, paralyzing commerce and throwing approximately two million men out of employment, can be averted only through the good offices of President Wilson, as a result of today's developments in the dispute over the men's demands for an eight-hour day and time and a half for overtime. The controversy was laid before the President, at his invitation, after the workers had flatly rejected any form of arbitration. They refused mediation yesterday.

Confer With President Today.

Soon after accepting the President's summons, extended through the Federal Board of Mediation and Conciliation, the men announced that the leaders of the four railroad brotherhoods would leave for Washington at midnight, accompanied by 30 of their 600 delegates established here. An hour later the railroad managers, 19 in number, said that they would leave for the capital at the same time.

Both parties will reach Washington tomorrow in time for an early conference with the President. The hour for the meeting will be arranged by Secretary Tumulty, who started for this city from Washington late today as Mr. Wilson's representative, arriving here at 9 o'clock tonight. Mr. Tumulty has with him a communication from President Wilson, addressed to the brotherhoods and the railroad managers, pointing out that such a paralysis of business as would follow a general railroad strike would be a catastrophe at any time, but would be nothing short of a disaster under present conditions. On this ground the President based his request for a conference with representatives of both factions before a strike order is issued by the leaders of the men.

Tumulty Telephones President.

Negotiations had not been broken off when Mr. Tumulty left Washington, but when he reached Philadelphia, he received a telegram from W. L. Chambers, one of the mediators, informing him that the men had declined to arbitrate. Mr. Tumulty's first step after reaching New York was to call President Wilson on the long distance to decide upon an hour for the conference at the White House tomorrow.

The final break came late today after the men had been in secret session nearly six hours. Reports differ as to the reason for the failure of the negotiations in favor of cheerful outlook of the night before. The men assert they refused arbitration because the railroads insisted on arbitrating the contingent proposition. The board of mediators, in a statement issued tonight, declared, however, the men rejected their proposition, contending that they would not arbitrate even if the railroad waived the contingent proposition.

The statement of the mediators issued by Judge Martin A. Knapp, chairman of the board, just before their departure for Washington, follows:

Mediators' Statement.

"After repeated efforts to bring about an arbitration of the pending controversy between the railroads and their employes in train and yard service, the United States board of mediation and conciliation was today advised by the representatives of the employes that they would not submit the matters in dispute to arbitration in any form.

"The employes further stated to the board that they would not arbitrate their own demands even if the contingent demands of the railroads were withdrawn and also declined to suggest any other plan or method for a peaceful settlement of the controversy.

"They were informed that their decision would be at once made known to President Wilson and also that the President claimed the right to a personal interview with both parties before any drastic action was taken. This request was, of course, granted and a large delegation of employes with a number of railroad managers will be in Washington Monday for a conference with the President.

"Early in the negotiations, the railroads had informed the board of mediation and conciliation that they would accept arbitration.

"The chief objection of the men to arbitrating the railroads' 'contingent proposition' lay in their contention that the proposal entailed the wiping out of double compensation features which the men have gained during thirty years of effort. The railroads have contended that double compensation,

(Continued on Page Eight.)

CITIZEN SAILORS TO SAIL TUESDAY

Will be First Naval Training Cruies for Civilians Ever Held by the American Navy.

2,300 MEN WILL TAKE PART

Among Them are Secretary McAdoo and Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt—Nine Battleships Employed.

Washington, Aug. 13.—Leaving offices, shops and factories for nearly a month at sea, 2,300 citizen sailors are assembling for the first naval training cruise of civilians ever held by the American navy. Next Tuesday they will sail from various Atlantic coast ports on nine battleships to receive actual sea training until the training trip known as "the John Paul Jones cruise" ends September 12. The cruise of instruction is designed to qualify civilians for naval service in time of emergency just as the camps at Plattsburgh and elsewhere train civilians for army service.

Those enrolled for the training cruise include men prominent in various walks of life in all important cities of the east, middlewest and South. Secretary McAdoo, of the Treasury, and Assistant Secretary Roosevelt, of the Navy, are among those who will receive the same treatment and training as college and high school youths and others less prominent. A rigid routine of daily duty, beginning before sunrise, has been arranged.

Tomorrow the first of the citizen sailors will go aboard ship at Portland, Maine, Newport, R. I., and Baltimore. On Tuesday others will be taken on at Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Norfolk and Charleston, S. C. Those from New Haven, Albany, New York, Brooklyn, Newark, Scranton and Buffalo, will board the battleships Maine, New Jersey and Kentucky, at New York. The battleship Rhode Island will receive the recruits at Philadelphia from that city, Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Detroit. At Norfolk recruits from that city, Richmond, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicago, Minneapolis, Milwaukee, Des Moines, St. Louis, Omaha, Kansas City, Dallas and Washington will board the battleships Illinois and Louisiana. The battleship Alabama will take on the recruits from Charleston, New Orleans and Houston, Texas, at Charleston.

The battleships Kearsarge and Virginia will carry the recruits from Portland, Boston and Worcester, Newport and Providence.

The total cost to each recruit is $30, all paying their own railroad fares to points of embarkation.

The nine battleships of the squadron, which will be commanded by Rear Admiral Helm, will mobilize at Gardiner's bay, near New London, Conn. The Rhode Island will be the flagship. After two or three days at Gardiner's bay the squadron will join the Atlantic fleet and, as a tactical unit of Admiral Mayo's command, will participate in a naval war game. After these sea maneuvers the citizen sailors will be taken to Tangier sound in Chesapeake Bay for gunnery, small boat and other drills.

During the last week of the cruise, the ships will return to the naval districts from which they sailed and cooperate with the mobilization and drill of motor boats entered for the motor boat cruise. Secretary Daniels hopes to be able to review the civilian sailors at some time during their training period.

OVER 100 CIVILIANS TO GO ABOARD THE ALABAMA

Charleston, S. C., Aug. 13.—Preparations have been made for more than 100 civilians from the Carolinas and Georgia to go aboard the battleship Alabama here tomorrow for a naval training cruiser of three weeks. The Alabama, recently ordered here from the League Island navy yard, arrived today.

The training contingent is made up mostly of business men. Early tomorrow they will be issued regular uniforms and given an idea of what will be expected of them during the three weeks' cruise.

Officers of the Alabama said the skeleton crew is to be augmented by the civilian blue jackets.

AMERICAN FIRMS CHARGED WITH ABETTING INTERVENTION

Reports are Circulated Even in Mexican Official Quarters.

Chihuahua City, Mex., August 13. — Charges are circulated, even in official circles, that American mining and other concerns with properties in Mexico are refusing to operate in order to help bring about intervention, it was learned today.

With plenty of work and food de factor government officers say the prevalent tendency of the poorer classes to turn bandits would disappear.

It is said that resumption of work at the various mining camps could be accomplished without danger and only small panidt groups are now in existence, while large garrisons are available for all properties.

Augusta, Ga., Aug. 13.—Augusta has no need to be apprehensive regarding the break in Lake Tokaway dam, according to local Forecaster E. D. Emigh and City Engineer Nisbet Wingfield. Information now at hand indicates that the break will not cause more than a five foot rise in the Savannah river at its point.

NEW RECORD MADE IN APPROPRIATIONS

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS WASHINGTON, D. C.

Total at This Session of Congress Will Probably Approximate $1,700,000,000.

REVENUE BILL IMPORTANT

This is Being Impressed Upon the Senate Leaders—Appropriation Exceeds by $500,000,000 Former Highest Record.

Washington, August 13. — The importance of the $200,000,000 revenue bill on which Senate Democrats today devoted many hours of deliberation in caucus is being impressed upon leaders by the fact that appropriations of the session, now nearing completion, have broken all records. With passage this week of the $50,000,000 ship purchase bill and probable approval by the House of the Senate's gigantic Naval bill, the appropriations of the 65th Congress will have exceeded the previous high record by at least a half billion dollars. While exact figures cannot be computed until the close of the session, the aggregate appropriation by Congress for all purposes probably will approximate $1,700,000,000, as against $1,114,000,000 for the 63rd Congress.

Besides regular supply bills, which total as they now stand $1,387,206,580, Congress will have added when the shipping bill is approved more than $90,000,000 for special purposes. There also have been contract authorizations amounting to about $207,000,000, all of which would bring the grand aggregate to $1,685,000,000, with the uncertain general deficiency appropriation bill still in the making to be added at the end of the session.

Special appropriations include $20,000,000 for a government nitrate plant, $6,000,000 for good roads, $15,000,000 for rural credits, and $50,100,000 for the government shipping project. General supply bills that enter into the session's total are as follows:

Postoffice, $322,206,579; navy, yet to be approved, $315,826,843; army, $267,597,000; pensions, $158,060,000; sundry civil, $128,396,445; rivers and harbors, $42,886,085; legislative, executive and judicial, $37,925,690; army and navy, and other urgent deficiencies, $31,012,075; agriculture, $27,000,000; fortifications, $25,478,050; District of Columbia, yet to be approved, about $13,000,000; Indian affairs, $10,967,644; diplomatic and consular, $5,355,098, and military academy, $1,225,043.

Final action on the long disputed naval bill is expected before the week ends. On Tuesday the conference report will be called up in the House, Representative Padgett, chairman of the naval affairs committee, will move that the House agree to the Senate amendments and separate roll calls will be taken on each of the disputed sections.

With President Wilson and a majority of the party leaders urgently supporting the Senate's naval building and personnel increases, it is believed the House will agree to them after advo-

(Continued on Page Eight.)

IMPROVEMENT SHOWN BY GUNNERS OF NAVY

Secretary Daniels Makes Public Some Target Statistics.

Does This in Reply to Criticisms of the Navy's Gunnery Efficiency—Practice in Spring More Exacting. Gross Figures.

Washington, Aug. 13.—Statistics of the spring target practice in the Atlantic fleet were made public tonight by Secretary Daniels as a reply to recent criticism of the navy's gunnery efficiency. The statement shows that in the long range firing during last February and March the battleship Virginia scored 26 hits on a target the size of a battleship, while the Rhode Island, which made the lowest score of the six ships mentioned, landed eight shots firing at slightly greater range.

"The correct score of the ships mentioned," said the announcement, "spotted on a battleship target 600 feet long, 95 feet beam and 30 feet free board, based on the result of the camera observation, were as follows:

"Nebraska 22 hits; Louisiana 15 hits; Kansas 16 hits, Virginia, 26 hits, New Jersey 20 hits, Rhode Island, 8 hits.

"The firing was at long ranges, much longer than ever before. The Rhode Island mean range was from 1,500 to 3,000 yards greater than that of the other vessels mentioned. This was due to errors in range finder readings. Even at these greatly increased ranges the Rhode Island's shots were bunched as shown by the fact that on the battleship target she received eight hits."

The ranges and the number of shots fired at practice never are disclosed by the Navy Department but it is understood the records referred to were made while the fleet was trying out its gunners at from 15,000 to 18,000 yards.

To support his defense of the navy's shooting ability Secretary Daniels called attention to statements made by many high officers and gunnery experts of the fleet that navy marksmanship had improved greatly during the last two or three years despite the fact that target practice each year was held at longer ranges and under more exacting conditions.

DAM HOLDING THE WATERS OF LAKE TOXAWAY BREAKS

Towns in South Carolina Are Warned of the Impending Danger of Being Flooded.

WHOLE DAM WASHED AWAY

Lake Was Practically Drained Early Last Night—Was Built at a Cost of $38,000.

Asheville, N. C., Aug. 13.—The great dam at Lake Toxaway, 50 feet high, 400 feet in width and holding back waters that covered 550 acres of land in the Toxaway region, 38 miles from this city, crumpled and went out with a roar at 7:10 tonight, and at 11 o'clock tonight the waters thus released were racing toward South Carolina cities in their path, including Walhalla, Anderson, Pickens and Seneca. Warnings of flood danger were sent to all South Carolina points by the Associated Press at this city at 7:30.

According to long distance messages from Toxaway, the entire dam, built of earth and stone, seemed to melt before the rush of waters within a few minutes. The initial opening in the dam, caused, it is believed, by the seeping of a natural spring at the base, was not larger than a railway coach.

Was Built in 1902.

The dam, which was built in 1902 at a cost of $38,000, was built at a point where the hills are not more than 400 yards apart. Over this dam the waters of Toxaway river flow down a narrow and densely wooded gorge for a distance of sixteen miles of comparatively uninhabited country before it empties into the Chuga river and strikes the first towns in its path in South Carolina 3,500 feet below the Toxaway section.

There have been no unusual rains in the lake section for several days, but it is thought that the dam was weakened by the heavy rains which flooded Western North Carolina during the week of July 16. This is the third and largest of the lakes in the mountains of Western North Carolina which have gone out since the July storms.

Had Been Strengthened

The Toxaway country is known as the "beautiful Sapphire section" in tourist circles. The lake and the hotel named after the section, were built in 1902 by a party of Pittsburg capitalists. The company originally owned 3,100 acres of land in the Toxaway country, the purchase being made with a view to mining operations. A few years ago, cotton mill owners whose plants were in the path of the waters should they escape, employed several expert engineers to investigate the safety of the dam, with the idea of securing legislative relief, should it be determined that their properties were endangered. Following the engineers' report the dam was strengthened materially, large piles of rock being unloaded at its base.

Four weeks ago, during the flood period, fears for the safety of the Toxaway dam were repeatedly expressed, and there were several reports that the dame had gone out.

At 11 o'clock a telephone message from Lake Toxaway stated the lake was being rapidly drained. It was thought that the flood waters would reach Walhalla and Anderson, S. C., about midnight.

Asheville, N. C., Aug. 13.—Reports received here tonight from R. F. Williams, agent of the Southern Railway at Lake Toxaway, state that the whole dam at Lake Toxaway has broken and that a flood of water is racing toward South Carolina points. Messages have been sent from Asheville warning Greenville, Anderson, Seneca and other South Carolina points of the danger. Reports of the breaking dam have been received from several different sources.

At 8:10 o'clock tonight the Lake Toxaway Inn, at Lake Toxaway, confirmed the breaking of the dam, over long distance telephone. It was stated that the whole dam is washed away, and that the lake is practically drained. No damage was done at Toxaway save of a minor nature.

Originally Cost $38,000

Lake Toxaway, named after the section wherein it is situated, was built in 1902 by a firm of eastern capitalists the majority of the members of the company coming from Pittsburgh, Pa. The initial cost of the lake was $38,000 and six years after its construction $12,000 more was spent in enlarging it and in strengthening the dam. The waters of the lake cover 550 acres with a shore line of fifteen miles. It average depth is 30 feet. It is fed by the Toxaway river and emptied into the Chuga river in South Carolina. After leaving the dam the lake waters flow through sixteen miles of comparatively uninhabited country. Thence they pass through Walhalla, Pickens, Seneca and Anderson, in South Carolina.

About six years ago reiterated reports that the Toxaway dam was unsafe, led to the appointment of a committee of expert engineers who recommended that it be strengthened and this action was taken. The dam was about one-eighth of a mile wide and fifty feet high.

Shortly after the lake was completed the Toxaway hotel, constructed by Pittsburg capitalists, was completed and it has been conducted as a summer hotel since that time.

Spring Probably the Cause.

It was stated tonight that the bursting of the Toxaway dam was probably caused by the seeping of a natural spring at the base of the dam. It is believed that the waters will cover a wide expanse of uninhabited territory

(Continued on Page Two).

WINTER ONLY MAY STOP GREAT DRIVE

No One at the British Front in France Thinks the Offensive is by Any Means Over.

THE GUNFIRE UNCEASING

Some Strong Point Taken Every Day—British Officer Thinks Twice as Many Germans as British Have Been Killed.

With the British Armies in France, Aug. 12 (via London, Aug. 13).—Anyone who might think from reading the British official reports that the British offensives were over, would conclude from the unceasing gunfire, if he went out in field, that a terrific battle was still in progress. No one the Associated Press correspondents meet at the front thing that the offensive is over or that anything but winter will stop it. Though no village or considerable frontage or trenches has been stormed in the last few days, every day has found some strong point taken and some new spur of trenches thrown out in the course of the same kind of operation which followed and preceded each big blow.

"The question this week," said a staff officer, "is whether our guns have killed more Germans than their guns have killed of us, and we know that odds are in our favor at least two, if not three to one."

For six weeks the British have maintained a torrent of shellfire which German prisoners, who have been at Verdun, say surpasses anything they endured there; while at the different munitions depots the miles of shells seem as plentiful as the day before the grand offensive began. It has been a week all to the taste of the gunners.

They have had such an advantage of positions over the Germans as they never had before, thanks to the possession of Pozieres ridge, which was crowned by a wind mill at the highest point, the wooden structure of which has long since been blown to splinters by shell fire and its stone base cracked into bits.

Incalculable and inconceivable is the amount of shell fire spent on this ridge whose irregular sky line is ever changing as a result of the pummelling, but the British keep their domination by tactics and methods of fortifications not permitted to be mentioned here.

The Australians describe the latest German counter attack, which was made last night as comic if the result had not been so tragic for the two battalions which made it. Apparently the Germans were mostly recruits. When assembling for the attack they were caught by British Howitzer fire, then charged across the open space to be caught by both British and machine gun fire. Some 40 survivors, who got to the trenches, held up their hands when the Australians called to them to come in.

British guns are screened behind the conquered slopes of Pozieres ridge, while from the crest the British are

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FRENCH CRUISER SAILS AFTER A BRIEF VISIT

Purpose of Trip to Pensacola Not Definitely Known.

Unusually Frequent Soundings Taken in the Harbor Caused Comment Among Marine Men—Newspaper Men Barred.

Pensacola, Fla., Aug. 13.—The French cruiser, Amiral Aube, which unexpectedly entered this port yesterday, left today without the real mission of her visit becoming definitely known. Captain Leskivit took on no fuel or supplies but did receive a small packet of documents from the French consul here.

Marine observers, including pilots here, are of the opinion that the cruiser's principal reason for entering the harbor was to make soundings and to get first hand information of the port. Sounding taken when she approached, crossed and left the bar immediately in her wake yesterday, did not attract attention, but unusually frequent soundings, over an irregular course after she entered the harbor caused comment among marine men.

Captain Leskivit declined to allow a newspaper man aboard the vessel. Just before he sailed he said to the Associated Press:

"We are going out for a short pleasure cruise" and turned away to direct the pilot to his post.

The Amiral Aube left at 9:30 o'clock this morning and after discharging the pilot turned slightly to the east and proceeded down the coast at about an eight knot speed. Tug boat men coming into Pensacola tonight said they had sighted the warship southeast of Pensacola light, which showed that she had changed her course and was bearing west.

Greenville, S. C., Aug. 13. — A long distance telephone message from a point within six miles of the North Carolina line on the Keowee river stated that at midnight there had been no rise in the water. Inhabitants of the river valley have all been warned and are awake, the message stated. The people in that section do not anticipate much damage.

THREE MEN DROWNED IN THE SURF AT FORT CASWELL YESTERDAY

W. E. Ardrey and Leonard Swaim, Charlotte, and Fred. White, Salisbury, Are Dead.

TWO BODIES RECOVERED

Triple Tragedy Occurs When the Coast Artillery Men Bathe in Strong Ebb Tide.

WHITE'S BODY NOT FOUND

Those of Charlotte Men to be Sent Home Today.

Three members of the North Carolina Coast Artillery Reserves, in annual encampment at Fort Caswell, lost their lives while bathing in the surf at the fort yesterday morning about 10:30 o'clock. The dead are: First Sergeant William E. Ardrey and Lance Corporal Leonard Swaim, both of the Charlotte company, and Private Fred. White, of the Salisbury company. It is stated positively that Swaim and White were drowned, but it is believed that Ardrey died of heart failure. The bodies of Ardrey and Swaim were very promptly recovered, but White's body was washed away, it seems, by the strong outgoing tide, and has not been recovered.

Vigorous Efforts to Resuscitate.

Following the recovery of the bodies of the two Charlotte men, several hours were spent in vigorous efforts to resuscitate them, but without avail. Dr. J. A. Dosher, the Fort Caswell post physician, and Or. Ashe, member of the Charlotte company, were quickly on the scene. The crew of the Oak Island life saving station were summoned by telephone and arrived in ten minutes, rowing the distance of a mile. Every effort possible was made to resuscitate the men and every means available was used, but without effect. After at least three hours, the efforts were abandoned.

The bodies of Sergeant Ardrey and Corporal Swaim will be embalmed and sent home this afternoon, that of Ardrey to Charlotte and that of Swaim to Lexington, where his mother resides. Sergeant Ardrey is survived by brothers and sisters, but whether there are other surviving members of the family is not known here. Private White's father is living at Salisbury, and he was notified by telegraph yesterday of the death of his son. Relatives of the Charlotte men likewise were advised of the tragedy.

Capt. E. P. Bailey, until recently in command of the Wilmington company of Coast Artillery Reserves, the W. L. I., having gone down to the fort yesterday morning, and First Lieutenant Carl D. Moore, of the Charlotte company, came up from Fort Caswell last night and arranged for having the bodies of Ardrey and Swaim sent home. They were placed in charge of Yopp's undertaking establishment and will be brought up the river on the steamer Wilmington on its first trip today, arriving here about 2 P. M. They will be accompanied to Wilmington by a detachment of the Coast Artillery Corps and detachments will accompany them from here to Charlotte and Lexington, respectively.

Wilmington Boys Heroic.

Captain Bailey said that a number of the members of the W. L. I. did heroic work in efforts to save the drowning men and deserve commendation for their valiant efforts. Among these were Marion Rhodes, Tom Bagley, H. T. Lewis, Harry Watters, and others, whose names Captain Bailey could not recall at the moment. None of them were in the surf when the cry for help was raised, but were in camp, which is practically within a stone's throw of the point where the men lost their lives. They, with others in camp, responded to the call of distress and did all in their power to save the men, but the tide was too strong and the water too deep.

It was reported yesterday afternoon that it was not certain that young Fred White was drowned, but Captain Bailey and others returning from the Fort last night said there was absolutely no doubt of his fate. It was stated that he left his clothing, watch and other personal effects in camp to go in bathing with the others yesterday morning and had not returned up to last night to claim them. It is further stated that White wore his underclothing under his bath suit when he left camp and that a man was observed in the surf wearing his bath suit over his underclothing. However, no trace of White's body had been found up to 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and further efforts to recover it were abandoned, as there was every reason to believe that it had been washed away by the tide.

Persons who spent the day at the Fort yesterday and returned to the city last night reported that the belief was that the young men disregarded warning as to the treachery of the waters at the mouth of the river, where the tide is strong at certain hours especially. It was remarked that it is characteristic of young men from the interior, who are used to swimming in

(Continued on Page Six.)

GAINS BY ALLIES ON THREE FRONTS

Advances Made in Italian Theatre, in Galicia, and in the Somme Region of France.

RUSSIANS TAKE MARIAMPOL

They Also Capture Town of Podgiacy and Several Villages—Teutons Have Success in the Bystritza Sector.

Hard fighting in the Somme region of France, in Galicia and in the Italian theatre with further gains for the Entente Allies in all three regions, marked the operations of Saturday night and Sunday.

Northwest of Pozieres, north of the Somme, the British made an advance of from 300 to 400 yards over a front of nearly a mile against the Germans and also captured trenches on the plateau northwest of Bazentin Le Petit, while the French southeast of Maurepas gained a further foothold on the slopes of Hill 109.

Between Thiephval and the Somme Saturday night, according to Berlin, assaults by the Entente Allies broke down with heavy casualties to the attackers. The fighting near Hem and Maurepas continued throughout the entire night and into Sunday, the men repeatedly coming to grips in hand to hand encounters.

Mariampol, in Galicia, seven miles southeast of Halicz, the town of Podgiacy and several villages along the upper Zereth river have fallen into the hands of Russians. All along this front, even in the Carpathians region, Petrograd reports that the Russians are continuing their advance against the Austro-Germans.

On the Bystritza sector and near Monasterzska, however, Berlin says the Russians have been thrown back at at several places by the counter attacks of the Teutonic allies.

The Duke of Aeosta is keeping up his strong offensive against the Austrians in the Isonzo region, having driven them from fortified positions in the Monfolcone and Gorizia sectors and taken prisoner more than 2,000 additional men.

Constantinople reports that the Turks east of Suez canal have turned against the British and compelled trem to tretreat with heavy losses. The London war office, however, disputes this statement, asserting that the British cavalry is still in pursuit of the Turkish rear guard, which Saturday evening had been driven back to a position east of Birs-El-Manca. After a long period of inactivity, the British along the Euphrates, in Mesopotamia attempted an advance against the Turks, but retreated after two hours fighting.

Further advances for the Turks against the Russians on the Persian front and in Turkish Armenia also are claimed by Constantinople.

GERMANS REPULSE RUSSIAN ATTACKS AT SEVERAL POINTS

Berlin, via London, August 13. — The repulse of Russian attacks at various points on the eastern front is recorded in the following statement given out here today:

"Front of Fielf Marshal von Hindenburg—Russian attacks south of Smorgen and near Lubieszow were unsuccessful. West of Zalocze enemy attacks were warded off.

"Front of Archduke Charles Francis: West of Manaterzyska and also on the Bystritza front, southwest of Stanislau, attacking Russians were thrown back partly by our counter attacks.

"Balkan front: Nothing of importance has occurred."

LONDON CLAIMS ADVANCE TO THE WEST OF POZIERES

London, Aug. 13.—An important advance on the Somme front west of Pozieres was announced today by the war office. The British pushed forward their lines 300 or 400 yards over a front of nearly a mile. The announcement follows:

"On the plateau northwest of Bazentin-Le-Petit we gained ground toward Martinpuich and captured enemy trenches. Northwest of Pozieres we also made a further important advance of 300 to 400 yards over a front of nearly a mile. Our losses were light in spite of a heavy barrage by the enemy's artillery.

"Last night we carried out three successful raids on trenches of the enemy; the first southwest of LaFolie farm on Vimy ridge; the second opposite Calonne, and the third east of Armentieres. We inflicted many casualties on the enemy and captured a machine gun and prisoners.

"The enemy attempted a raid near the Hohenzollern redoubt, which was repulsed with loss by our infantry. Several Bavarian prisoners were captured. The enemy exploded a mine east of Cabaret Rouge but we occupied the lip of the crater. We fired three mines at Neuve Chapelle and also south of the quarries northeast of Hulluch. The enemy made no attempt to occupy the craters."

Laredo, Texas, Aug. 13.—Walter Hitt and his son, members of the Chamal colony in Mexico, arrived tonight and told stories of mistreatment and robbery. They said the remaining members of the colony would return to the United States when the weather permitted.

IN THE REALM OF SPORTS

WHITE SOX AGAIN DROP INTO THE THIRD PLACE

Lose to Tigers, While the Indians Defeat the Browns.

Home Run by Roth in the Ninth Inning Enabled Cleveland to Win From St. Louis—No Other Games Scheduled.

RESULTS YESTERDAY
At Chicago 4; Detroit 9.
At Cleveland 4; St. Louis 3

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
Detroit at Cleveland.
Washington at Boston.
Philadelphia at New York.

STANDIN GOF THE CLUBS.

	W	L	Pct.
Boston	62	44	.585
Chicago	62	49	.559
Cleveland	61	48	.560
New York	55	52	.514
Detroit	60	52	.536
St. Louis	60	52	.536
Washington	51	55	.481
Philadelphia	22	81	.214

Chicago, Aug. 13.—Chicago dropped back into third place today when they were defeated 9 to 4 in the final game of the series with Detroit, while Cleveland won from St. Louis.

The Tigers bunched hits off Scott, William and Russell and this, with two costly errors by Terry and J. Collins, gave them the game.

Chicago repeatedly failed to score on account of poor base running. Cobb started two double plays which retired the side. The standing of the leaders tonight:

	W	L	Pct.
Boston	62	44	.585
Cleveland	61	48	.560
Chicago	62	49	.559

The score:

Detroit	004	000	113	9	15	4
Chicago	000	202	000	4	6	2

James, Coveleskie, and McKee, Baker, Spencer; Russell, Scott, Williams and Schalk.

Cleveland, Aug. 13.—A home run by Roth with one out in the ninth inning, allowed Cleveland to defeat St. Louis 4 to 3. Both Lambeth and Devenport were effective with men on bases.

St. Louis	001	010	001	3	9	0
Cleveland	101	000	101	4	9	2

Wellman, Davenport, Hamilton and Severeid; Lambeth, Bagby and O'Neill.

MINOR LEAGUES.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION
At Kansas City 4-4, Columbus 2-3.
At Milwaukee 2-4, Toledo 5-10.
At St. Paul 3-1, Louisville 0-8.
At Minneapolis 5-0, Indianapolis 8-2.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE
At Newark 5-4, Rochester 3-10.
At Rocky Point, R. I., Providence 9, Montreal 1.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION
At New Orleans 5-2, Mobile 3-1.
At Nashville 0, Atlanta 1.
At Little Rock-Memphis, rain.

NEWPORT NEWS LOOKS MORE AND MORE LIKE THE WINNER

Rocky Mount, N. C., Aug. 13.—Each succeeding day continues to look as though Newport News is to be the winner of the second half season in the Virginia League, and this opinion was greatly strengthened by the play of last week. The nearest club to the Builders are the Tar Heels and all that Rocky Mount could do with them was a masterful battle for an even break in a four game series. The season has a little less than a month to continue, and while many predictions may be upset and much of the uncertainty is what stimulates the great interest in the past time, nevertheless it looks as though Newport News needs but travel in her same even way to annex the second half and to be counted in on the series for a pennant this year with Portsmouth.

Norfolk sprung the surprise of the week when after a players' strike there was mastered sufficient amateurs to continue the play, and incidentally they won one of the seven played during the week.

SPEAKER, COBB AND JACKSON EACH MAKE GAIN IN BATTING

The three leaders for batting honors in the American League drew closer today, Speaker and Cobb each gaining a point, while Jackson made two in three times at bat and gained three points. Speaker was up twice and got a single, while Cobb was at bat five times and made two singles.

In the National League the three leaders were idle today and maintained their respective positions, Robertson leading with Daubert and Wagner close behind. The averages:

	AB	H	PC.
American League			
Speaker	385	152	.395
Cobb	376	133	.354
Jackson	427	148	.347
National League			
Robertson	368	121	.329
Daubert	374	122	.324
Wagner	328	104	.317

EIGHT DIVISIONS TO TAKE PART IN SECTIONAL CLASH

Lake Forest, Ill., Aug. 13.—Tennis experts believe that either McLoughlin and Dawson, representing the Pacific coast, or Church and Davis, winners in the east, will be successful contenders in the sectional doubles on the Onwentsia courts this week for the right to challenge Griffin and Johnson for the national championship. The sectional clashes open tomorrow with teams representing eight divisions entered.

Galveston, Tex., Aug. 13. — Today's game between the Waco and Galveston clubs of the Texas League was not decided until the 20th inning, when Gudger, pitching for Galveston, weakened and Waco made three runs and won a 4 to 1 victory. Both Gudger and Hill, the Waco pitcher, pitched the entire game.

CUBS ARE DEFEATED BY THE REDS 4 TO 3

Overcome Chicago's Three-Run Lead in the First Inning.

Pirates and Cardinals Divide a Double Header—Three Pittsburg Pitchers Mauled for 23 Hits in the First Game

RESULTS YESTERDAY
At Cincinnati 4; Chicago 3.
At St. Louis 9-5; Pittsburg 8-9.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
Pittsburg at St. Louis.
Chicago at Cincinnati.
New York at Philadelphia.
Boston at Brooklyn.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W	L	Pct.
Brooklyn	62	37	.626
Boston	58	39	.580
Philadelphia	58	42	.580
New York	52	47	.525
Pittsburg	44	55	.444
Chicago	46	59	.438
St. Louis	47	62	.431
Cincinnati	42	68	.382

St. Louis, Aug. 13.—St. Louis mauled three Pittsburg pitchers for 23 hits in the first game today, winning in 11 inning 9 to 8. The second game was called on account of darkness at the end of five innings, Pittsburg winning 9 to 5.

Bescher's double in the eleventh scored Smith, who had walked with the winning run of the first game.

After Pittsburg had pounded Watson for eight runs, the second game resolved itself into a hoax, catchers on both sides allowing players to run the bases wildly in an effort to get Umpire Quigley to call the game.

Both games were played on a mud-laden field.

Pittsburg	012	000	050	00	8	13	3
St. Louis	005	011	100	01	9	23	1

Kantlehner, Jacobs, Evans and Schmidt; Steel, Wiliams, Meadows, Ames and Gonzales.

Second game:

Pittsburg	440	10	9	5	1	
St. Louis	000	23	5	7	4	

Harmon and Fischer; Watson, Lotz, Jasper and Snyder.

Cincinnati, Aug 13.—Cincinnati overcame a three run lead made by Chicago in the first inning here today and won the first game of the series in 11 innings. Chase scored the winning run on an attempted double play after he had been purposely passed. Archer and Kelly, of the Chicago team, were both hurt and had to retire from the game.

Chicago	300	000	000	00	3	13	3
Cincinnati	020	001	000	01	4	9	1

Seaton, Prendergast and Archer, Elliott; Mitchell and Wingo.

INDIGNATION IS AROUSED AMONG NEWSPAPERS OF JAPAN

Because of Frequent Suppressions of Editions by Government.

Tokio, Aug. 12.—Frequent suppressions of the editions of Japanese newspapers recently on the ground that they contained articles inimical to public welfare have aroused the indignation of the press throughout the country. The government is being severely attacked for "attempts to muzzle the press and stifle the right of free speech."

The matters which caused the seizure of the editions were, first, comment on the trial of men accused of throwing bombs at Premier Count Okuma and, second, the opinions of Tokitoshi Taketomi, the Minister of Finance, on the recent economic conference at Paris.

The articles on the Okuma case were simply reports of the closing court addresses of the lawyers of the accused. The copies of one or two newspapers which published a veroatim report of the arguments were immediately seized and burned. It is understood that the lawyers bitterly arraigned the government for alleged unconstitutional acts and in the course of the plea, for a verdict of innocence or, at least, a light sentence, sought to justify or explain the act of the accused by blaming the present state of society in Japan. the lawyers claimed that assassinations or attempted outrages resulted from intolerable social conditions.

In the interview with Mr. Taketomi, the minister was quoted as doubting the efficacy of the recent economic conference.

Count Okuma blames the newspapers for the suppressions. He told a Japanese journalist that the press should always be guided by a desire to print only what is for the good of the nation, and that on two recent occasions they had printed matter which might prove harmful. He said :"Owing to the outbreak of the European war and its effects upon this empire, great changes occurred in the condition at home and our relations abroad. New, unheard-of phenomena rose in international politics. The relations of the Entente powers became closer than ever.

"So every word we utter, and every action we take now affects the community, of interests among the Entente Powers. These words and actions on our part, if misinterpreted, are bound to produce suspicions among the powers with whom we are allied in the war. The people of Japan must be very careful of what they say or do. What they say or do must be guided by considerations of the welfare of the nation."

OVER FIFTY WARRANTS.

Issued Against Three Railroads for Violating Crossing Ordinances.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., August 13. — Fifty odd warrants from the city court against the Southern, Seaboard Air Line and the Norfolk Southern railroad companies have just been served in the crusade that the city authorities have started against the railroad companies for failure to keep gate-keepers at the railroad crossings in accordance with the requirements of the city ordinances.

There is a penalty of $50 per day for failure to maintain proper guards at the crossings. It was right after the fatal accident that occurred at the Fayetteville street crossing two weeks ago for lack of a gateman on duty, according to the city authorities, that the crusade began with instructions for all crossings to be watched by the police.

JAMES ELDER IS THANKFUL THAT HE FOUND TANLAC

One of Best Known Business Men in Wilmington Gains Relief After Suffering for 30 Years. His Wife Helped Too.

Few, if any, Wilmingtonians enjoy the friendship of a wider circle of friends than James Elder, and not all North Carolina sons have rendered much greater service to this grand old State than he. Three years of his life were given to the cause of the Confederacy when he served as a member of the Independent Artillery Body Guards of the Coast, under General Whitting. Following the close of that mighty but honorable conflict James Elder returned to civil life and put a strong shoulder to the wheel which helped revive business and living conditions in this part of the Old North State.

Mr. Elder served with credit to himself and New Hanover County in the capacity of Deputy Sheriff and jailer for a number of years, and, for the past twenty-seven years has been one of the staid business men of this city, his fancy groceries, staples and meats and tobacco establishment being located at 1121 Market street.

Mr. Elder is now rounding up his seventy-third year and, as like his wife, has recently gained better health and happiness through Tanlac. Of their experience with this well known reconstructive tonic Mr. and Mrs. Elder unite in recommending it to others of advanced years in need of more strength and energy and a general toning up of the entire system.

To the Tanlac Man Mr. Elder said: "I had indigestion for thirty years and suffered considerably from rheumatism. Friends recommended Tanlac, and from just one and a half bottles of it have gained wonderfully from indigestion, and can truthfully say that I don't feel any more rheumatism. I enjoy perfect sleep, my appetite is just fine, and the new energy enables me to put the proper punch in my work and business. Mrs. Elder has also been greatly helped by Tanlac, and we are proud that it has entered our home and are as one in endorsing it heartily to all who will give it a fair trial."

No better endorsement of Tanlac should be necessary to local people than the above. It leaves no room for doubt as Mr. Elder may be seen and questioned as to the facts herewith quoted. Not only in Wilmington, but everywhere that Tanlac has been introduced has it won the unanimous favor of the town's best people, and from people in all walks of life. Daily the Tanlac Man explains its merits at the Bellamy Pharmacy where Tanlac is sold exclusively in Wilmington; Watson's Pharmacy, Southport; Acme Store Co., Acme; C. L. Halstead, Burgaw; A. N. Rhodes & Co., Rocky Point; G. W. Kirby, Supply; Bradham Drug Co., New Bern; C. L. Halstead, Magnolia. Each town has its Tanlac druggist.—adv.

Mountain Laurel Roots For Pipes

GOVERNMENT SELLS LARGE QUANTITY FROM NATIONAL FORESTS IN SOUTHERN APPALACHIANS

Washington, Aug. 13.—A sale of a large quantity of mountain laurel roots from one of the National Forests in the Southern Appalachians is reported by officials in charge, who say that the roots will be used to make pipes.

The mountain laurel root is similar in appearance to the French briar, which the majority of pipe smokers are said to prefer. The French briar is the root of the white heath or "bruyeye." These roots are gathered in large quantities, and after being cleaned and sawed into blanks they are placed in hot water and simmered for twelve hours or more. This process gives them the rich hue for which the best pipes are noted. It is said that in 1915 the value of the blanks shipped to this country was almost $300,000, and in addition a large number pipes were imported.

On account of the present scarcity and high price of French briar, a number of pipe manufacturers in this country have been on the lookout for substitutes, and the forest products laboratory has conducted experiments to determine the availability of other woods. It is reported that the mountain laurel root burns out more readily than briar, but forest service experts are trying to find a method of hardening the wood, and have succeeded to an appreciable extent. They have also found that a number of the various kinds of chaparral which are abundant in the West give promise of yielding material which will be the equal of French briar in every way.

Other woods now widely used for pipe making are apple wood, red gum ebony and birch, together with smaller amounts of olive wood, rosewood and osage orange.

Considerable amounts of the laurel roots are being used, and officials expect to make further sales. The lands purchased by the government in the Southern Appalachians are reported to contain unlimited quantities of laurel, which is widely known for the delicate beauty of its flowers. In places it forms extensive thickets, which are almost impenetrable. Visitors to the mountains say that in the spring these thickets, or "pink beds" as they are called by the mountaineers, are indescribably beautiful and form one of the main attractions of the region.

The sales of laurel root will not be made at places frequented by tourists, or where the removal of the laurel will detract from the beauty of the landscape.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 13. — President Burrus Corprew, of the Virginia League, announced today that the Roanoke Rapids, N. C., semi-professional baseball club will enter the Virginia League for the remainder of the season, taking the place of the defunct Hopewell club. The arrangement is declared temporary, to complete the circuit of six clubs until the end of the playing season.

RED SOX TAKE LEAD OVER THE WHITE SOX

Chicago Team Defeated Three Times Out of Four Games.

Yankees, a Few Weeks Ago in the Lead, Are Now in Sixth Place Standing in National League Unchanged.

New York, Aug. 13.—The American league pennant race remains the center of baseball interest. Boston gained the leadership of the league during the past week by defeating Chicago, league leader a week ago, in three out of four gams. The White Sox fell off sadly from their previous good record, while the Red Sox after the disastrous series with St. Louis ended lost only one game out of five. Chicago fell to third place on Friday and went into second place Saturday, and dropped to third place again today. The series in Chicago started auspiciously for the White Sox when they defeated Boston, 7 to 1 on Monday. The Red Sox then took the next three games by scores of 6-4, 3-1, and 11-5. Detroit followed Boston at Chicago and the Tigers took the first game of the series but lost the second.

Cleveland made hardly any gain during the week, although it won three out of four from New York. The Indians had little success against St. Louis to which they lost two games on Friday and one on Saturday. The Browns have won 22 out of their last 24 out of their last 34 games, and advanced from seventh to fourth place, only a few games behind Boston. Detroit also did good work during the week, winning four out of seven games, including three out of four from Philadelphia.

New York, league leader a few weeks ago, now is in sixth place. The Yankees won two games early in the week, after having lost nine straight. Manager Donovan's men after a disastrous western trip returned to the Polo grounds Saturday and lost a double-header to Philadelphia.

The American league record of twenty consecutive defeats, made by Boston in 1906, was equalled by Philadelphia when it lost its 20th straight game on Tuesday to Detroit.

Connie Mack's men won from Detroit on Wednesday, however, the first victory in the west this season. Brooklyn, Boston, Philadelphia and New York retain their places in the first division of the National League in the order named. Brooklyn's lead decreased during the week, as the other Eastern teams improved their standings at the expense of the western division. Playing in the National was hampered by bad weather two games being postponed.

The standing in the National League is practically unchanged. Boston and Philadelphia, maintained a good gait but seemed unable to gain greatly on Broklyn. The Superbas have held the lead since early in May. Boston is less than 30 points behind them owing to a double victory in Brooklyn Saturday.

The inter-sectional contests ended with these results for the week: National, East, 14; West, 4; American, East 8, West 13.

Plank, St. Louis Americans, led the pitchers with a one-hit game against Washington Tuesday and a two-hit game against Cleveland Saturday. Cheney, Brooklyn, had a two-hit victory and Foster, Boston Americans, Cooper, Pittsburg, and Alexander, Philadelphia National, three-hit victories.

Perfect batting averages out of four times at bat were made by Morgan, Washington; Niehoff, Philadelphia Nationals; Hornsby, St. Louis Nationals; Stengel, Brooklyn, and Fletcher, New York Nationals.

GERMAN THIRD LINE TAKEN AFTER INTENSE BOMBARDMENT

Paris, Aug. 13.—"The capture of the third line of the German defense from Hardecourt to the Somme was preceded by a bombardment so intense that for a radius of 20 kilometres the ground seemed to be shaken by an uninterrupted earthquake," says LaLiberte's correspondent in the north of France.

"In the trenches, the infantry watched the formidable artillery preparations," the correspondent adds, "waiting patiently for the moment to rush to the assault. Finally, as if obeying an order which had been heard simultaneously on the entire front, the batteries should naturally cease firing. The silence which succeeded the great uproar lasted only a few minutes. Several blows on the whistle were given and orders were passed along. The clanking of bayonets being adjusted could be heard. A few seconds more and there was a tumult of confused forces and a shout of forward!

"Human forms surged from the black holes, running madly forward. The noise of the warning scions of the adversary and the crackling of their machine guns told that the battle had begun. The positions that the French captured, which were exceedingly strong, and along the entire front of the defensive system of the Germans comprised two or three lines of trenches."

UNION PRINTERS HOLDING ANNUAL MEET AT BALTIMORE

Delegates to Convention Enjoy Excursion to Tolchester Beach.

Baltimore, Aug. 13.—Delegates to 62nd annual convention of the International Typographical Union, which opens here tomorrow, enjoyed a steamer excursion to Tolchester Beach today, the 350 delegates being augmented by nearly 2,000 friends and relatives. The convention will be opened with an address by George M. Harrington and Mayor Preston, to which President Marsden G. Scott, of the International union, will respond. It is believed that the 1917 convention will be held in Colorado Springs as that year will mark the 25th anniversary of the establishment of the Union Printers' Home there.

DEATH RATE DECREASES

Also Drop in Number of New Cases of Infantile Paralysis.

New York, Aug. 13.—The department of health reported today a decrease of twenty deaths from infantile paralysis compared with the preceding 24-hour period and also a drop of 26 in the number of new cases. The day's fatalities were 22 and ther ewere 141 new cases. The total deaths since the epidemic started have reached 1,393 and the number of cases of 6,281.

U. S. MARINE Keeps You on Good Terms

with yourself and your neighbor and your job. This sweet-smoking, tasty-chewing old Cut Plug is a mighty big help to thousands of hustling, two-fisted *men*—they'd feel lost if they didn't have U. S. MARINE to cheer them along, day after day, the year 'round.

U.S. MARINE CUT PLUG TOBACCO

gives you all the richness, sweetness and fragrance that nature stores up in her finest tobacco leaf for man's enjoyment. Natural ageing and careful blending of pure Kentucky leaf bring out this fine quality in U. S. MARINE—and the Cut Plug form makes it *just right* for both smoking and chewing.

Treat yourself to a package of U. S. MARINE *today*. Put it to the *test* of steady, all-day-long smoking and chewing. It's a safe bet you and U. S. MARINE will be friends for life.

Sold everywhere in 5c Packages.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY

DAM HOLDING THE WATERS OF LAKE TOXAWAY BREAKS

(Continued From Page One).

before reaching the South Carolina towns, thus minimizing the possibility of extensive damage.

WATERS THREATEN SERIOUS DAMAGE IN SOUTH CAROLINA

Greenville, S. C., Aug. 13.—At midnight the Seneca river, through which the waters of Lake Toxaway will flow into the Savannah river, were normal near the town of Seneca, 38 miles west of Greenville and about 40 miles southwest of Toxaway. The waters threaten to do serious damage to crops along the Keowee river in Pickens and Oconee counties, which are divided by this river. Above Clemson College, the Keowee and the Twelve Mile Creek have confluence, forming the Seneca, and thence pass Clemson, where it is feared much damage will be done as the country is relatively flat and thickly populated. Portman shoals, where the light and power for the city of Anderson is generated, is on the Seneca river, and tonight large forces are at work preparing for the flood waters. Sand bags are being placed on the dam and power house and other preparations are under way to combat the force of the flood.

Walhalla, Seneca and Anderson are each several miles from the river. There is no town of importance on the course of the stream.

WALL OF WATER SEVEN FEET HIGH MOVING DOWN SENECA

Anderson, S. C., Aug. 13.—A wall of water seven feet high is moving down the Seneca river valley tonight as a result of the breaking of the Toxaway dam, according to reports reaching here. Much damage to low lying sections of the valley is feared and officials of the Southern Public Utilities Company have sent a large force of men to Portman shoals, on the Seneca ricer, to try to save their big power dam there.

Warnings have been telephoned tonight to all sections of the Seneca and upper Savannah river valleys.

RESIDENTS OF THE KEOWEE VALLEY ARE GIVEN WARNING

Greenville, S. C., Aug. 13—A telephone message from Brevard, N. C., tonight requested that the thickly settled Keowee river valley be notified of the approaching water from Lake Toxaway. It is estimated that the waters would reach Seneca, 40 miles southwest of Toxaway about midnight. Warnings have been sent from this city.

WARNINGS ARE LIKELY TO PREVENT ANY LOSS OF LIFE

Seneca, S. C., Aug. 13.—Although the Seneca and Keowee rivers had not been reported abnormally high in this section at midnight, the descent of the waters from the break in Toxaway dam is awaited with anxiety.

It was reported that the water from the dam probably would reach here about 3 o'clock in the morning. Warnings sent out from several towns in this section, it is believed, will prevent any loss of life.

Pittsburg, Aug. 13.—President Dreyfuss, of the Pittsburg National League Baseball club, announced tonight that Second Baseman Viox has been sent to the Toronto International League under an optional agreement. He will report at Providence tomorrow.

PACKING HOUSE FOR WILMINGTON

Profitable to the Farmers and Business Men of North Carolina and South

(Whiteville News Reporter.)

The movement started at Wilmington for the purpose of erection of a meat packing house in that city, will meet with the hearty approval of the people of Columbus. Mr. J. W. Greer, of Georgia, is meeting with the committee from Wilmington and the citizens of the adjoining counties for the purpose of securing the co-operation of the farmers and the business men for this needed industry. Our people can ill afford to stand hands off when such a great opportunity awaits such an enterprise right at our door. It is proposed to have a packing house that will be capable of killing 200 hogs and 30 cattle each week day. This plant will make hams, breakfast bacon, shoulders, salt meat, smoked meats of all kinds, all kinds of sausage and meat dainties, lard and all by-products, such as greases, fertilizers, hair, etc., handle all meats and products in the most modern and profitable manner and in a way equal to that of the best and most modern packing plant in the United States.

The capital stock of said company will be $100,000, and the plant is to cost about $75,000, the par value of stock to be $100 per share, and the plant to be ready for operation by early spring.

A packing plant sells its products all over the world, draws money from abroad and distributes to the farmers in the vicinity of the plant. Its great value is in turning into cash the raw material that has not been salable heretofore in the South. In selling the animal on the farm, it also sells the products the animal eats—corn, hay, sweet potatoes, peanuts, peas, beans, grasses, etc. It not only sells those products, but in selling them through the animal, they bring a higher price than if sold direct. For instance, when corn is worth a dollar a bushel direct, it brings from $1.99 to $2.44 fed through the hog. Hence the packing house becomes the market for all products of the farm and therefore eliminates the necessity of making markets for such products as animals eat. It becomes the clearing house for the farm.

With the market problem solved, diversification becomes a practical possibility. With practical diversification, the fortune of the Southern farmer is assured, and with the prosperity of the farmer comes the prosperity of the business man, for the farmer is largely the original source of the South's income. The one crop cotton system has made the Southern farmer the poorest class of people in the United States.

The three cities that have grown fastest in the West are Chicago, Kansas City and Omaha, especially the two first. These cities are the great packing house centers of the United States. Packing houses have in the main built these cities. Cities of the South that build packing houses will certainly be the strong cities.

Meat has made more millionaires in the United States than any other product. The profits in packing houses that have been successfully managed is from 10 to 50 per cent, the average being about 30 per cent. Fewer packing houses have failed than any other industrial enterprise. A few have failed and a few have not made money, but only a few.

There are many independent packing houses in the West. Minnesota has 29; Kansas has 23; Iowa has several; Illinois, Missouri and other Western states have many, while North Carolina has none and buys millions of dollars worth of meat annually. There are only nine packing houses in the South and the South buys over three hundred million dollars worth of meat from the West every year.

In order to make this plant a positive success it is hoped that many farmers and business men will subscribe to its capital stock. The business men will be required to pay 25 per cent on organization, and 10 or 15 per cent a month during the construction of the plant.

SAYS LANE HAS ABANDONED THE CONSERVATION POLICIES

Pinchot Charges Him With Favoring the Phelan Amendment.

Washington, Aug. 13.—Gifford Pinchot, former chief of the forest service, today sent to Secretary Lane, of the Interior Department, an open letter declaring the secretary had abandoned the conservation policies and, despite a recent denial, is exercising his influence in favor of the pending Phelan oil land amendment, which would open up the western oil reserves set aside for the navy.

"If this legislation is enacted," wrote Mr. Pinchot, "the oil land reserves set aside for the navy will be destroyed. The mere threat of its passage has caused the navy department to seriously coisider the advisability of abandoning the policy of construction of oil burning ships. Without them no navy can ever be sevond class."

BAD TEETH THE CAUSE OF REJECTION OF GUARDSMEN

More Turned Down for this Than Any Other One Defect.

(State Board of Health).

The fact that bad teeth was the cause of more rejections among the enlisted men of the State Militia than any other an defect, perhaps, is sufficient testimony, says the State Board of Health, as to the direct relation that exists between bad health or inefficiency and bad teeth. As a matter of fact, no greater lesson has been learned by the troopers and the people in general as a result of the recent mobilization of troops than the importance of a sound body and th edependence of a sound body upon sound teeth and a clean mouth.

The Germans years ago realized that the health of their soldiers depended no little upon the condition of their mouths and teeth, and during the present war dental clinics have been maintained regularly wherever the soldiers have been encamped. Other armies have not been slow to follow Germany's example and now good teeth for soldiers is considered as much a necessary part of their equipment as their guns.

The soldier boys have taught a valuable lesson as regards the importance of good teeth as they have the value of anti-typhoid vaccination.

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

NATIONAL FRATERNAL CONGRESS CONVENTION

One of the Most Important Gatherings of the Year.

To Meet at Cleveland August 21—Representatives of 85 Fraternal Societies to Attend—Important Features.

Cleveland, Ohio, August 12.—With the gathering together of representatives from the eighty-five fraternal societies affiliated with the National Fraternal Congress of America, at Cleveland, on August 21, one of the most important conventions of the year will take place. The future welfare of nine millions of fraternalists will be under consideration, and the rulings of these sessions will affect over 120,000 subordinate bodies as well as the perpetuation of the fraternal system of insurance.

The National Fraternal Congress has stood for adequate rates, a secure basis of computation as to the lowest safe rate on which men and women can obtain protection for the home.

The societies in the Congress not yet adequately rated are aiming to become so, and they will be encouraged to adopt the National Fraternal Congress rates (which are scientifically graded by mortality experience) so that their valuations may meet the requirements of the New York Conference bill, according to which a valuation standard will be established December 31, 1917.

The near approach of this valuation report makes the societies especially desirous of convincing the insurance commissioners that full credit should be given for the interest now being earned on investments. They contend that the interest they will receive on the present hoidings amounts to at least twice the principal, and when they have investments netting from 4 1-2 to 5 per cent they should not be cut down to a 4 per cent basis, as the extra half per cent or 1 per cent amounts to millions of dollars in present value. At present no credit is given for this and a society is some times claimed to be deficient in proper reserves when this extra interest provides for the full amount. This item, if admitted by the departments, will go a long way toward aiding the societies to meet the requirements of the New York Conference bill.

To Advertise or Not Advertise

One of the very first subjects to come before the Congress sessions is that of publicity. Many fraternal leaders have felt in the past that the benefits of the fraternal system as a whole should receive more general notice through the medium of the daily paper and its advertising columns. Very few people, outside of the fraternal leaders themselves, know the stupendous amounts of money expended for benefits. How can people know when their daily papers do not inform them? This subject will claim a very large share of attention and discussion, and it is desired that each fraternal leader may see the advantage of setting apart a stipulated graded apportionment for his society which will help defray the cost of a perpetual advertising campaign.

Whole Family Protection

Another important subject for discussion will be Whole Family Protection. Many fraternal societies already have juvenile auxiliaries but they are not permitted by law to issue them financial protection. Fraternal societies will now claim the right to protect the little children in the households of their own members and through its committee on statutory legislation will place bills before the State legislatures to effect this. In other words, the fraternals will build up their future memberships through the early training of their own members' little families. This subject has been discussed for several annual sessions and the Cleveland Congress hopes to take the decisive step in this direction this year.

In the United States alone there are over nine million fraternalists and the amount paid out on fraternal benefits in 1915 amounted to $103,508,093.00. It is well to remember that this money went directly into the homes of the country and filled an economic need. Nearly three billion dollars has been paid out since the first fraternal benefit society was organized in this country in 1868.

Women Have a Vote.

There are eight women's fraternal societies to meet with the Congress this year and their representatives are among the foremost fraternalists of the country. This is one place the women have a vote, no matter in what state the congress meets, and over eight hundred thousand women are represented by their leaders. Since organization, these women's societies have paid out $68,499,701.00 in benefits. Statistics prove that women are better insurance risks than men as their mortality rate is lower.

Those prominent in Congress affairs confidently feel that this convention will mark a new era in the history of fraternal societies and will see the perpetuation of the great system founded on the principles of the brotherhood of man. The deliberations will be watched with keen interest by every fraternalist.

FUNERAL OF MRS. SAUNDERS

Rocky Mount Lady Died Suddenly Friday Night at Kinston.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Aug. 13.—The funeral of Mrs. Della Sanders, of Rocky Mount, was held here this afternoon. Mrs. Sanders, daughter of Mrs. Penelope Rhodes, of this city, died at the home of Mrs. Rhodes on Independent street Friday night. She expired in a chair on the porch. Members of the family heard a noise and hastened to the porch to find Mrs. Sanders dead. She had been afflicted with a dangerous heart trouble for some time, coming here to spend three months in the hope that rest would benefit her. Her disease was regarded as practically incurable, and it was realized that her demise would probably be instantaneous. Mrs. Sanders was 46 years of age and the wife of M. F. Sanders, of Rocky Mount, who with her mother and eight brothers and sister survive her.

DISCUSS PAPER PROBLEMS

Newspaper Men of North Carolina to Meet in Greensboro Tuesday.

Charlotte, N. C., Aug. 13.—Publishers and business managers of morning and afternoon papers of North Carolina will meetin in joint conference at Greensboro Tuesday, August 15, to discuss white paper problems.

THEATRICAL

Bessie Barriscale, the star whose screen triumphs have brought her to the front rank of film artists within the past year, is presented by Thomas H. Ince for the fourth time on the Triangle programme in an absorbing war romance from the pen of J. G. Hawks, entitled "Bullets and Brown Eyes." The production is totally different from anything in which Miss Barriscale heretofore has appeared.

"Bullets and Brown Eyes," is the tale of a prince's wooing and winning of a countess. Its scenes are laid in the mythical countries of Bothalia and Marsow while they are at war, and are replete with thrilling battles. How the reckless prince of one country succeeds in his quest for the Countess of the other is beautifully told.

To the role of Countess Olga Miss Barriscale is said to contribute all the charm that has helped to make her a nation-wide favorite. Her vivacity as well as her dramatic ability find ready outlet in the part.

An interesting fact in connection with the production is that it will serve to introduce a new leading man opposite Miss Barriscale. He is William Desmond, who supported Billie Burke in "Peggy," and his interpretation of the part of Prince Carl, "The Will o' the Wisp," is said to be a splen did piece of work.

With this great Triangle feature today will be presented "The Village Vampire," one of the greatest Keystone comedies ever produced starring Fred Mace and all-star Keystone support. This big double bill is today's offering at the Royal.

"The Dupe" at the Grand.

Blanche Sweet, the beautiful and captivating Lasky star, will be seen at the Grand today in the Jesse L. Lasky production of "The Dupe" a social drama written especially for her by Hector Turnbull, and prepared for the screen by Margaret Turnbull, released on the Paramount programme.

BLANCHE SWEET
In "The Dupe," Her Latest Paramount Feature at the Grand Today.

"The Dupe" is a photodrama of supreme merit, showing how, beneath the veneer and midst of the intrigue of modern society, the decent instincts of human nature will assert themselves. It is a film play that abounds in unusual thrilling situations. The story deals with some strange but most interesting evolutions in modern society, and is said to be one of the most realistic and forceful dramatic features in which Miss Sweet has yet appeared on the Paramount programme.

A brief glimpse into the interior of the show room of a fashionable New York modiste with the mannequins displayed with the latest feminine creations is seen in this spectacular production. This scene is an exact reproduction of this famous temple of feminine caprice and the gowns were especially selected for this display and are said to be the latest creations of the American artists.

Big Comedy at the Bijou.

Did you notice that big lineup on at the Bijou today? Well, if you didn't see it in yesterday's paper just read on for two minutes and you'll learn where to get the biggest nickel's worth of entertainment today that you have ever gotten. This is an absolute fact and money will be refunded without question to anyone who wants it after seeing the swell show at Bijou today.

Billie Ritchie heads the list, co-star with Harry Gribbon, May Emory, Gertrude Selby and other L-Ko nuts in a return date of the great two-reel Komedy scream, "Life and Moving Pictures," two big reels of laughs. Those who saw this production on its first visit to Wilmington will certainly remember it and want to see it again today.

A special extra edition of Pathe News for today contains the first authentic scenes of the great ammunition explosion which lost so many million dollars destruction and lives lost and which lasted for four days on an island near New York. The Pathe cameramen (five) were on the screen within thirty minutes of the first explosion and this great picture, showing the actual exploding of bombs and wrecking of big warehouses ,was shown at the Strang theatre in New York the same afternoon at 4:30 and created a sensation. Almost the whole reel of this issue of Pathe News is taken up with those great scenes, a total of eight hundrd feet.

And still more—Mary Fuller, that dark-eyed beauty who is worshipped by every Bijou patron, presents her greatest two-reel dramatic feature, "A Splash of Local Color," two full reels of tense, interesting drama. Don't miss this great feature bill at the Bijou today.

"Stingaree" at Grand Tomorrow.

Many patrons of the Grand remember the great "Stingaree" series which was started at the Grand last winter, a change in policy having made it necessary to cancel this service at the time.

Several hundred who witnessed the first story in this series, requested them, and it is now that the Grand is able to announce arrangements whereby this great serie's of two-reel dramas starring True Boardman as Stingaree" with beautiful Marin Sais in his support, will be presented at the Grand every Tuesday beginning tomorrow, for twelve weeks.

As a side issue, to make this the biggest bargain offering of the entire week, every week, at the Grand the management has also booked those great railroad thrillers, "The Hazards of Helen," also a Kalem series, starring dare devil Helen Gibson in the leading role.

This gives Grand patrons a series of great photoplays—a double serial bill, every Tuesday, and also other big features and all for five cents, the greatest money's worth of the entire week at the Grand.

Don't miss the first great day tomorrow.

MARIN SAIS
The Beautiful Kalem Star with True Boardman in The Great "Stingaree" Series Beginning at the Grand Tomorrow.

At the Bijou Today.

CAROLINA COLLEGE TRUSTEES HOLD MEETING AT MAXTON

Plans on Foot for Raising $25,000 for Aditional Equipment.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Maxton, N. C., Aug. 13.—The trustees of Carolina College met Tuesday evening, August 8, in the president's room at 8 o'clock. One of the important matters considered was the proposition presented by President Mercer in behalf of the Rockingham district conference. The proposition submitted was that the Rockingham district raise $12,500 within the district, provided the trustees would raise an equal amount outside of this for the purpose of erecting a new dormitory which is very much needed. The trustees expressed their appreciation of the offer submitted by the conference and placed themselves on record as being willing to secure their part of the $25,000.

The college campus is more beautiful than it ever has been. The work of kalsomining, painting, and getting ready for the opening September 8 will begin now in a few days. The College library will be beautiful and attractive in its new permanent home. When school opens there will have been added to it $1,000 worth of books, including the collection sent before commencement.

There is room yet in the Co-operative club building for a limited number of young women who can get board at 8 per month, by assisting in the household work under the supervision of a capable matron.

Daily applications are being received for rooms in the college. Everything points to a good opening. Carolina College girls stand at the forefront wherever they work, whether in the commercial world, in the schoolroom or in the home.

A letter recently from a former student stated that she has a good position, where she is receiving about a hundred dollars per month.

The father of one of the students who has recently graduated, says that his daughter will make almost as much the coming year teaching as the entire three years' course has cost her.

The normal course is sending out strong, well-trained teachers. A very large per cent. of the girls become teachers.

A great many young women need just a little help to get started in college. A prominent layman in the central part of the State is furnishing money to send two your ladies the coming year. These are very fine young women and will be a great help to their respective communities. Another layman kept a splendid young woman here the past year and will do so again the coming year. This kind of investment will yield far more tha nany material investment a man can possibly make.

"WHAT MOUT YOUR NAME BE?" THE WRONG PHRASE TO USE

Colored Spanish War Veteran Would be Addressed as Gentleman

(Special Star Correspondence).

Kinston, N. C., Aug. 13.—Clerk of the Superior Court J. T. Heath today told of passing on the street Clay Metts, colored Spanish-American war veteran and proud of the fact that he is one of the "darkest" of his race, and another person of color, deadlocked in conversation Metts was rearing back with a self-satisfied air, and the other's mouth was open clear to the bottom. Metts was relating a miracle. His thumbs were hooked under his suspenders and his fingers wiggling. "And w-w-what mout your name be?" asked the other. "John Jacog Astor, you blank black scoundrel!" declared "Mr." Metts. "And you shouldn't say to a gentleman, 'What mout your name be?' but 'What might be your entitlements?' "

Mr. Heath recalled the occasion of the making of "Dirt Road Walker," or "D. R. Walker," as he signed himself. That was the pen name of the late Capt. W. W. Carraway, newspaperman and prominent citizen. It was years ago. Captain Carraway had lost his pass on an A. & N. C. train and declined to pay for a ticket. He was put off by the conductor. There was no Jim-Crow law then. Sitting close by was Clay Metts, who took in the whole affair. "Well," said Metts, who had his own ticket all right and a choice lot of profanity for the occasion, "put me off, too." He left the train with Captain Carraway. "I'll carry his grip," he yelled at the conductor. He made good the promise and walked with the white man from a station beyond LaGrange to Kinston, sweating under the weight of his companion's luggage.

TOBACCO MARKET WILL OPEN ON TUESDAY AT ROCKY MOUNT

Several Thousand Farmers and Others Expected to Attend.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Rocky Mount, N. C., Aug. 13.—It is confidentially expected that several thousand farmers and others interested from all parts of northeastern North Carolina will be in attendance at the opening of the tobacco market in this city on Tuesday. The several score of employes and farmers generally from over this section are anxiously awaiting the opening and several hundred thousand pounds are expected on that day and the double sales will in all probability to care for half a million or a million pounds the first week. All of the buyers of the season past are represented and the advice is that every pound will be earnestly sought and attractive prices are expected.

Some half a dozen representatives of the independent and regular firm buyers have within the past week returned from several weeks' sojourn on the South Carolina markets and they declare that the wood is bringing fabulous prices in the neighboring state and is being earnestly sought.

OLD ABANDONED GERMAN MINE IS NOW A BEAUTIFUL CAVERN

Was Worked for Silver, Copper, Alum and Vitrol in Luther's Time.

Berlin, Aug. 13.—An old abandoned mine near Saalfeld, in the Thuringian Forest, which in the time of Luther was worked for silver, copper, alum and vitroil, has been discovered by a Berlin geologist to have developed into one of the most beautiful caverns. In the course of centuries the water percolating through the minerals has built up throughout the mine a wonderful labyrinth of stalactites and stalagmites, thrown together with a profusion and brilliance of color which is said to be without parallel.

Deep green, vivid blues, the purest white, yellows of all shades—in fact the entire scale of color is reproduced over and over again, and yet the colors melt into each other so gently that nowhere is the impression of disagreeable contrast produced.

Although unknown before the war, this fairy grotto has already become famous among the scientific men of Germany. The aged Haeckel has had himself carried through it in his invalid chair, and has agreed with other scientists that it is the most remarkable natural curiosity in Germany.

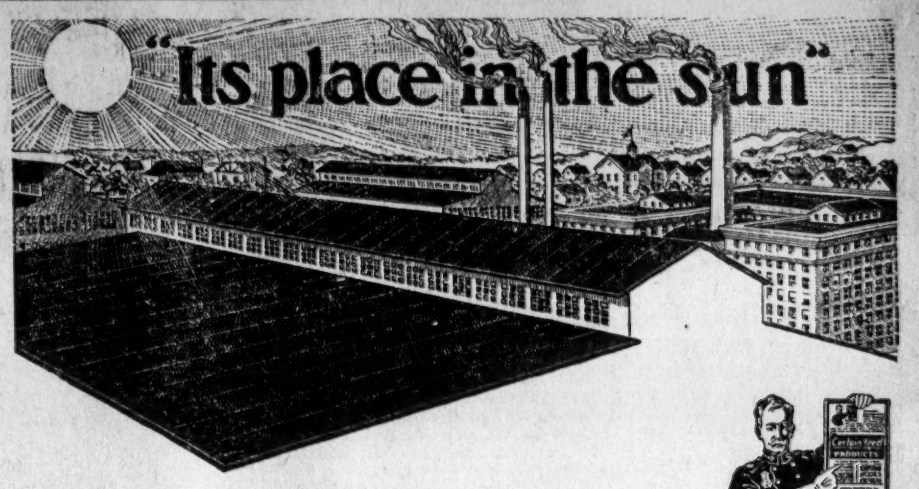
MUCH INTEREST IN ROADS.

Anson County More Thoroughly Aroused Than Ever Before.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wadesboro, August 12. — The citizens of Anson county are more thoroughly aroused upon the Good Roads question than ever before, and their enthusiasm is taking the form of substantial action.

Down in Lilesville township the citizens want a graded road through the Garssy Island section over a strip covering about four miles. Headed by J. D. Mills, a representative body went before the county commissioners and proposed to donate half the cost of building the desired road. A petition is now being circulated and the amount subscribed is climbing up to the $2,000 mark, which with a like sum will be sufficient to build a connecting link to two of the already graded roads.



TO hold "its place in the sun," is the avowed purpose of a great nation's conflict. To hold "its place in the sun," is the object of every business in the great fight for industrial and commercial supremacy.

To be able to hold "its place in the sun," is the supreme test of an asphalt roof. It is the sun, not rain or snow, that plays havoc with a roof. If it can resist the drying out process of the sun beating down upon it, day after day, the rain or snow will not affect it except to wash it clean and keep it sanitary.

Certain-teed Roofing

takes "its place in the sun" and holds it longer than other similar roofing, because it is made of the very best quality roofing felt, thoroughly saturated with the correct blend of soft asphalts, and coated with a blend of harder asphalts. This outer coating keeps the inner saturation soft, and prevents the drying out process so destructive to the ordinary roof.

The blend of asphalts used by "The General" is the result of long experience. It produces a roofing more pliable than those which have less saturation, and which are, therefore, harder and drier.

At each of the General's big mills, expert chemists are constantly employed to refine, test and blend the asphalts used; also to experiment for possible improvements. Their constant endeavor is to make the best roofing still better.

The quality of CERTAIN-TEED is such that it is guaranteed for 5, 10 or 15 years, according to thickness (1, 2 or 3 ply). Experience proves that it lasts longer. Behind this guarantee is the responsibility of the world's largest manufacturer of roofings and building papers.

Look for this guarantee, which is your protection against inferior quality roll roofing. It is placed on every roll of CERTAIN-TEED.

The General makes one third of America's supply of asphalt roll roofing. His facilities are unequaled, and he is able to produce the highest quality roofing at the lowest manufacturing cost.

CERTAIN-TEED is made in rolls; also in slate covered shingles. There is a type of CERTAIN-TEED for every kind of building, with flat or pitched roofs, from the largest skyscraper down to the smallest residence or out-building.

CERTAIN-TEED is sold by responsible dealers all over the world, at reasonable prices. Investigate it before you decide on any type of roof.

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World's Largest Manufacturer of Roofings and Building Papers
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—EXCURSION—
FROM
WILMINGTON AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS TO NEW BERN,
MONDAY, SEPT. 4TH, VIA
ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD.
Train leaves Wilmington 7:30 A. M.
Leaves New Bern, returning, 8:00 P. M.
Fare, $1.25, round trip.
W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traff. Mgr. T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

HAROWITZ JUNK SHOP.
NOW is the Time to Save Your RAGS
We pay the Highest Prices for Mixed Rags in Any Quantity. All Kinds of Metals, Rubber, Auto Tires and Rope.
The Oldest and Most Reliable Junk Shop in Wilmington.
JOS. HAROWITZ & SON, PROPS.
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Don't Forget the Place—109 S. Water st.

GRAND
Jesse L. Lasky Presents
THE ACCOMPLISHED FILM FAVORITE
BLANCHE SWEET
—in—
"THE DUPE"
A PARAMOUNT PICTURE
A Film Play Which Abounds in Unusual Thrilling Situations—The Story Deals With Some Strange But Most Interesting Evolutions in Modern Society.
Adults 10c - Children 5c

BIJOU
PATHE NEWS EXTRA!
The Great New York Ammunition Explosion, Taken Thirty Minutes After First Explosion — Actual Bursting of Bombs and Wrecking of Immense Warehouses—Spectacular Fire Which Followed — Eight Hundred Feet of Authentic Views.
Billie Ritchie
In a Return Engagement of That Great Two-Reel L-Ko Komedy,
"Life and Moving Pictures"
With Gertrude Selby and Harry Gribbon.
Mary Fuller
In a Tense Two-Reel Dramatic Feature
"A Splash of Local Color"
Just Another One of Those Great Extra Feature Bills We Told You About!

ROYAL
Thomas H. Ince Presents
THE ENTRANCING TRIANGLE FAVORITE
BESSIE BARRISCALE
With J. Barney Sherry and William Desmond, in
"Bullets and Brown Eyes"
Mack Sennett Presents
FRED MACE
With All-Star Keystone Support
—in—
"The Village Vampire"
Adults 15c - Children 10c

TONIGHT
—AT—
LUMINA
WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH
And Every Night Except Sunday
FREE MOTION PICTURES
Beginning at 8:15 Tonight
PROGRAMME
MONDAY, AUGUST 14.
"The Old Man Who Tried to Grow Young"
Selig Drama
"Human Hounds"
Vim Comedy
See the Pictures Over the Ocean Waves Where It's Cool At
LUMINA

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to suscribers outside the county at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year; $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may rest assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

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COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted, and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected, unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO

MONDAY, AUGUST 14, 1916.

TOP O' THE MORNING.

Man is the only upright animal; his brains are farthest from his feet. How sad if he tramples them under his feet! —SELECTED.

Lieing is no "argymint," anyhow.

Home ties ought to be the "ties that bind."

Lots of men would acknowledge the corn, if they thought it was the genuine article.

When we "take a notion" to do something, we ought to take enough of it to get busy and do it.

Uncle Sam's rights on the high seas depend upon the size of his navy in the future. Its size does not get him much right now.

Tampa is to have a new bank to be called the National City Bank. Yet Tampa is not the national city. Tampa is tampering with New York's prerogative.

Grandpaw's idea is that when a girl lies in bed to read a novel and orders her breakfast sent to her room, it is time to "call" her down. Nevertheless, mother does all the housekeeping and won't call her down till the 'phone rings when Alphonse calls Fluffy up. Sooner or later Alphonse will have his hands full of Fluffy.

The deep waters are silent and profound. The swallows babble and murmur and fret and foam as they rush onward to the deep blue sea which easily swallows up all the noisy waters of the earth. Whosoever is doing all the babbling and making all the noise like shallow waters racing on to the great ocean where their noise is drowned in the silence of the deep?

We believe in generosity in politics, but not the kind that has never been generous to the Good Old North State. She's too good for us to take chances on political changes that never have been good for her health. We can't sing that good old song, "Carolina," without the heart throb that sets us right. Sing it to yourself. North Carolina is our main issue in State politics.

Congressmen voted themselves a traveling expense of 20 cents a mile, but voted National Guardsmen an allowance of three and a half cents per mile traveled. A Congressman can eat a dinner every three miles, while a Guardsman can get himself a sandwich, but it would be the other way if the Guardsmen could fix the mileage. On that point we fully agree with the Norfolk Virginian-Pilot.

Nothing that President Wilson has done suits the Republican candidate for president. Judge Hughes ought to know that the President had to conduct his administration in the interest of the people, and, of course, no Republican could ever approve anything of the kind. Republican criticism and carping leads us to the conviction that President Wilson has been doing what the people were anxious for him to do.

"It can't be done" is what lots of folks say about this or that proposition. Finally, one man comes along and does it, because he knows how. Most any practicable thing can be done, if men will undertake it and have the money in hand before they try to do it. Before we say that this or that can't be done in Wilmington, we ought to investigate and consult experts. When it was first proposed to run a railroad tunnel underneath the Hudson river and to honeycomb the earthly foundation of the great city of New York with railway tubes, "it can't be done" was the swelling chorus. McAdoo said it was only a matter of engineering and money, and he proved it by doing what millions of people considered impossible. Always wait to hear from the man who knows how.

THE SOUTH IS A BUYER INSTEAD OF A SELLER

Mr. L. F. Scott, of Dactur, Ga., has waked up to the economic disadvantage of the South in being a buyer instead of a seller. Probably Mr. Scott has known all along that a consuming country is at the mercy of a producing country, but the trouble is that the great majority of our people have not waked up to the fact. Many are waking up all right, but the thing to do is to get the whole South to wake up. When that is done it will be easy for us to know why the average farmer can barely make both ends meet instead of being able to have at least a small surplus at the end of the year. Of course, if he buys more than he sells he will not make both ends meet but will be in debt at the end of the year. Mr. Scott has been figuring on that proposition, so he writes to the Atlanta Constitution:

"The Southern people are almost exclusively buyers of everything we use from baled hay to automobiles. There is the case of our crop of cotton that is raised in great part by tenants on farms that are not, and will never become, diversified, thus giving the world $800,000,000 to $1,000,000,000 every year in cotton and cotton seed at about the cost of production. From the average selling price of the 1915 cotton crop received by those who produced it at a lower price than it has since sold for, since as producers they had to part with it, and buying the same cotton back in manufactured goods, after the "cotton brokers" had levied a higher price on this same cotton, leaves the consumer of his own product to be scarcely able to get enough cash to clothe his family.

"Since the European war there has been a restless desire exhibited by every kind of manufacturing plant to raise prices, and under the guise of being influenced by a great foreign demand for goods, have found an easy mark in actually robbing over 100,000,000,000 American consumers. It would be all right for our government to allow any surplus of any kind of American goods to leave our ports, and at whatever price the traffic will stand, but when our own citizens and workmen become involved in the hold-up and commercial robbery, a halt should have been promptly called.

"It has been sadly overlooked that for months the American consumer has been forced to pay 8c for sugar that under no condition should have been over 5 cents per pound. The crop of wheat the world over, as well as all cereals, for the years 1913-14-15, was the largest ever harvested, and with a two years' war demand and plenty of wheat, corn, oats, rye and barley, Chicago has recently marked up the price of wheat that will cost every American family about 10 cents for each 48-pound sack of flour, and so over one hundred million people in America are being unjustly robbed on everything we eat and wear, and on everything in the line of metal and builders' hardware, and all unnecessarily, and to the hurt and damage of all legitimate building enterprise.

"Exports of foodstuffs for the fiscal year just ended shows breadstuffs suffered the greatest loss in comparison with previous years, wheat being $118,000,000; oats, $9,600,000; corn, $8,800,000; flour, $8,000,000 less.

"So it is easy to see there is now no reason for alarm as to an unusual demand for the above goods, yet the prices are abnormally high to the American consumer.

"Last year the news was flashed over the land that there was not enough leather to make shoes for the people, and it later developed there was no truth in the statement. The paper situation is in the same boat and it is now announced it will be a hard matter to get enough supplies for the American school children; so, again, every American family is to be still further robbed.

"America produces wealth wonderfully, and yet distributes it infamously, and if there is not some halt called, whatever money is received by the South for our products of raw material will not be sufficient to meet the demands of the barest subsistence, and after the 1915 debts shall have been paid, there will be very little left."

Mr. Scott has waked up to the fact that high prices are tough on a consuming country, such as the South is, but he overlooks that they create an immense amount of prosperity and satisfaction in a producing and selling country, such as the West. He is thinking from the Southern standpoint, but includes the whole country, seemingly not recognizing the main fact that raising cotton at cost or a little above makes 8 cents sugar and other high-priced foodstuffs and clothing a great burden to us, while producing countries which are reaping big prices do not feel the high prices for the little that they buy of the commodities that they do not produce themselves.

Mr. Scott suggests the wrong remedy and one that is impossible. The government can neither limit our exports nor tax them, but it has sought to relieve our burdens by lowering the tariff tax on what we import, although the war in Europe came along and set our low tariff at naught. With war prices continuing and a higher tariff, such as the Republicans propose to levy, our burdens in the buying South would be further increased, because higher tariff benefits to be added to the cost of American manufactures would not only make them still higher but necessarily would increase the cost of imported manufactures and possibly their prohibition altogether. That, as a matter of course, would place buyers and consumers at the mercy of American producers of the goods and commodities which we have to buy.

So far as the South is concerned, the real remedy is an economic one that she can apply herself. It is in the diversification of her farm and factory production. We pay out too much for meat and bread that we should produce ourselves, and we pay out huge amounts for building materials and various manufactured products that we could produce much cheaper in the South.

So long as we raise cotton, even at a small profit, with which to buy a hundred other things, we will have to be content to make both ends meet. If our $1,000,000,000 cotton crop were to make us as high a profit as 25 per cent, we would have only $250,000,000 with which to purchase meat and bread, wearing apparel, shoes, sugar, automobiles, pianos, building material, etc. Don't we really buy more of those things than we have money with which to pay?

Can we afford to keep on buying instead of doing more selling? A few days ago it was announced from Raleigh, the capital of the great State of North Carolina, that the people of this buying State purchased 10,000 automobiles during the past year. A friend of ours estimated that these chug wagons average $600 apiece and figured that it meant the sending of $6,000,000 out of the State, less commissions. He thought it indicated prosperity, but there are others who will call it extravagance, even in the great manufacturing and agricultural State of North Carolina.

At any rate, it represents a 6 per cent. outlay on $100,000,000 of North Carolina's farm and factory production. We guess North Carolina is just simply prosperous because she has more diversified agricultural and manufacturing interests than any other Southern State.

MORE TROOPS FOR THE MEXICAN BORDER.

The Republicans insisted that the 1,800 mile American border should be protected from Mexican bandits. The Republicans were right about that, but the Democrats also insisted on the same thing. President Wilson depended upon the regular army staff to let him know if they needed more troops for that purpose, and when they did so, the President called upon the National Guard—the only available troops that the Nation had. The President immediately dispatched about 100,000 National Guardsmen to the border, but they had hardly reached their destination before the Republicans set up a howl for their recall. Instead of paying the least attention to wooden-headed politicians, the President has ordered 25,000 more Guardsmen to the border.

The administration has done that because it is the government's bounden duty to protect the border, instead of listening to the political rot being banded about during the campaign. Republican politicians to the contrary, the army staff and the President know whether the National Guardsmen are needed on the border or not. It cost a good many millions of dollars to send 100,000 or more troops to the border, so the people know how impractical and costly and sap-headed it would be to march the National Guardsmen up the hill and then march them right down again.

Political sap-headedness will not deter the American President from doing his duty to his country. If the troops are not needed to fight, their presence on the border will have a good effect upon the people of Mexico. Using the big stick to preserve peace is better than using it for war, and war is precisely what the American people do not want. They want peace so long as it is possible and war only when it cannot be avoided. They have an idea as to what war is, so the interventionists and jingoes are wasting time in endeavoring to make political capital out of a situation that calls for wisdom instead of political twaddle.

If the President and the army staff can use the National Guard, either to protect the border or for an object lesson that will bring the Mexicans to their senses, the people of the United States will heartily approve that course. The President is steadfastly following that course and the people ought to be glad that he is not in Washington to be moved a peg by senseless political clamor. Sensible people know that such clamor is not only senseless but that it is both vicious and dangerous in its relation to the problems to be settled between the best elements of the American and Mexican people.

The one danger at this time would be for the American people to be swayed by political ranters who are handling the Mexican problem on the stump, far away from any fighting or danger that may be possible on the border. It is even possible for political rant on the stump to bring on a fight in which the ranters will never take a hand. We'll warrant you that.

The President is handling the Mexican situation just like the people should want any President to deal with it, unless they just naturally prefer war to peace.

RASH CAMPAIGN PROMISES

We tremble for mere presidential candidates when they go from one end of the country to the other telling us what great and prodigious things they are going to do if they are elected. We know that can't do a thing unless they have a Congress that is with them and will co-operate with their high-minded and honest purposes to carry out their pledges and expectations of themselves.

President Wilson has come nearer to carrying out his promises to the people than any President that we can remember in numerous years, not necessary to state in such things as decades. He got a great deal of team work out of a large Democratic majority in Congress, but just imagine how he might have come out at the little end of the horn if he had depended upon a reactionary Democratic majority. Of course, the congressional team-mates of the President bucked at times, but the country had a forward-looking President who was also forward pulling. He was a strong sort of a President and pulled Congress with him.

Wicked Republicans won't say it that way. They will insist that the President "dominated and bossed Congress" and exercised all sorts of prerogatives that a timid President or a gold brick never would have assumed. The fact is, President Wilson's oratory and persuasiveness in the interest of the people were inexhaustible and irresistible. Congress knew he was right and it followed him, even, perhaps, while doubting sometimes that it was the right thing to do. Nevertheless Congress knew that the President was so able and so nearly right all the time that it must have feared that it would go wrong if it bucked too much.

The truth is, however, that it was a Congress for the people, so that it never differed very radically from the people's President. Howbeit, no Republican candidate can map out a "programme" and expect to carry it out. He is more than apt to have a reactionary Republican Congress that would carry out his programme and unceremoniously dump it on the junk heap. As a general thing that is our recollection of the way that Republican Congresses have done.

If we are not right, Colonel Roosevelt and Professor Taft can correct us. President Roosevelt had all sorts of bucking in Congress, while President Taft had on his hands a lot of old reactionaries and insurgents who refused even as much as to carry out the party platform pledge to revise the tariff. It was revised upward and then they had the nerve to say that was just as much a revision as any other kind of revision. Nevertheless, that was not the revision that the people expected of them, nor was it the kind that the G. O. P. promised. Therefore, Teddy told it right when he said the Republican party betrayed the people.

The G. O. P. is so accustomed to doing that, we cannot and will not expect its Presidential candidate to do half the things he promises. He will have a bunch of reactionaries and Progressives to deal with, and you surely must know the rest.

AN AMERICAN POLICY OF GUARANTEES.

President Wilson is a great American who not only has a foreign policy but a world policy as well. He is a remarkable man and history will give him his distinctive place as a thinker for the world as well as for America and humanity. The Democratic president has looked forward into the future for both America and Europe, and it was only the past week that England had occasion to recall some of the remarkable utterances of Wilson.

British statesmen recall that in a speech on May 27 last, at a banquet of the League to Enforce Peace, held in Washington, President Wilson mentioned certain principles which, he declared, the United wished to see established. These principles were:

"That the world has a right to be free from every disturbances of its peace that has its origin in aggression and disregard of the rights of peoples and nations.

"A universal association of the nations to maintain the inviolate security of the highway of the seas for the common and unhindered use of all the nations of the world.

"That the United States is willing to become a partner in any feasible association of nations formed in order to realize these objects and make them secure against violations."

How remarkable are those principles and yet of the utterances of all the able men who attended that meeting of the League to Enforce Peace, of which ex-President Taft is president, British statesmen are singling out the words of Wilson and are applying them to the present and future of the nations. "The Nation," a London paper noted for its strong analytic editorials, last week called attention to the hitherto little noticed speech of Premier Asquith, on the 5th of August, in which he referred to the safeguards against war as resting on the common will of Europe but "not of Europe alone." The Nation asks, so a London dispatch says, whether that is a reply to President Wilson's speech of May 27 last and "an invitation to America to pursue a policy of guarantees." If so, the Nation hopes that "Foreign Minister Grey will extend it into a reasonable exposition of policy."

The great London paper, relied upon by Great Britain's leading men as an oracle, takes the view that America is anxious to mediate the present terrible war "because she fears Europe is ruining herself and against a weakened Europe she dreads the advent of a Far Eastern power."

We take it that President Wilson really wants to mediate for the sake of humanity, but as to The Nation's view, it must be observed that the present ambitious policy of Japan is to establish close relations with or dominancy over China, for the purpose of uniting some 400,000,000 or more Asiatics in a common cause. Probably England sees it in its strongest light.

Making paper is an easy thing to do, but the cost of making it and the abundance of the raw material supply with which to do it are the main things to consider. A committtee of newspaper men could soon get the facts in hand and come to a conclusion on the subject. If paper can be manufactured just as economocally in North Carolina as elsewhere, the State ought to have its own paper making industry. Perhaps the proper kind of investigation will show that a new opportunity awaits capital in North Carolina. It is purely an investor's proposition, whether the investors are newspaper men interested in a co-operative plant or not. That beats discussion that is based upon theories.

NEW YORK CAR STRIKE

Terms Upon Which President Shonts Settled it With the Men.

The New York Times thus summarizes in a recent issue the terms upon which President Shonts settled the New York street railway strike, the union failing of recognition, but the company granting the right of organization of its force, and the agreement providing that any future disputes shall be settled by arbitration. The terms are thus stated:

"1. The employes have the legal and moral right to organize, and the company pledges that they will not interfere with the employes in their exercise of these rights.

2. The company will receive and treat with a committee of the employes upon any and all questions that may arise between them. This committee to select such spokesmen or advisers as they may choose to represent them, without any objections on the part of the company.

3. That the question of wages and working conditions between the employes and the company shall be taken up by and through a committee of the employes with the officials of the company on a date to be agreed upon between them—such date not to be later than the 30th day of August, 1916.

The committee and the company in conference shall attempt to reach a satisfactory settlement upon all questions of wages and working conditions, and upon such points as they may fail to reach an agreement they shall submit to a board of arbitrators.

It is also agreed that all disputes that may arise between the company and the employes in the future on which they cannot mutually agree shall be submitted to arbitration.

4. In the interest of public safety and public service, the company wants it clearly understood that the direction and control of employes in all matters looking to efficiency in the service remains with the company and is not to be the subject of conference or arbitration.

5. If the above is agreed to and accepted, it is further agreed that the employes shall declare off the strike and return to work immediately, in the positions they occupied prior to the time of going on strike, without prejudice.

Bayer Tablets of Aspirin
To guard against counterfeits and substitutes of Aspirin, remember that every package and tablet of the genuine bears
"The Bayer Cross"
BAYER
"Your Guarantee of Purity"
The trade-mark "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) is a guarantee that the monoaceticacidester of salicylicacid in these tablets is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

GIVE ANNUAL DINNER.

Mr. Kirby E. Sutton Entertains, Tenants, Employees and Friends.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

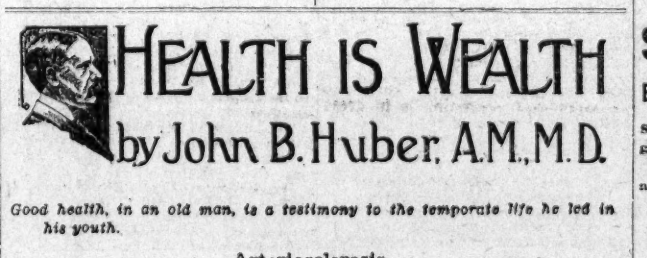
Kinston, N. C., Aug. 13. — Mr. Kirby E. Sutton, a well known planter of the Bucklesberry section of Lenoir county, Friday tendered his annual dinner to his tenants, employes and scores of friends. About 200 persons are estimated to have been present. A number of young pigs were barbecued for the feast. The culinary genius in charge of the barbecuing almost a record, according to persons among those present. The enticing spread on the tables and the delectable odor created marvellous appetites, but still there was more than enough to feed the multitude. Practically every township in the county was represented. Friends of the host from other parts of the state and other states also were present. The Sutton plantation is almost large enough for a principality, and is a model for equipment and businesslike administration.

SOLICITOR T. M. NEWLAND DEAD

Prominent Lawyer of Western Carolina Dies at Lenoir.

Lenoir, N. C., Aug. 13.—Hon. Thos. M. Newland, solicitor of the sixteenth judicial district, died Saturday at his home here after an illness of about 30 hours from an acute attack of Brights disease. He came home Friday evening from Morganton where he had been in attendance at Burke superior court.

Mr. Newland was licensed to practice law in 1895 and located in Lenoir, being associated with his uncle, Hon. W. C. Newland, for a number of years he was appointed solicitor of this district by Governor Craig in 1913 and took up the work on the first day of July of that year.



HEALTH IS WEALTH
by John B. Huber, A.M., M.D.

Good health, in an old man, is a testimony to the temperate life he led in his youth.

Arteriosclerosis.

As we discerned Saturday last, the development of arteriosclerosis depends, to start with, on the quality of the arterial tissue, of the vital rubber, in the human individual; and then on the amount of wear and tear that vital rubber has been subjected to. The proof that the quality of the vital rubber counts is that hardening of the arteries may be well-developed in a man of thirty, in whom there have been none of the caustive factors we will presently mention—such a one may indeed have the arteries of a man of sixty. Entire families show this early tendency to arteriosclerosis.

Most such sclerosis (hardening) comes however from the bad use of good vessels. Here alcohol, tobacco, rheumatism, gout and diabetes have their baneful innings. Lead poisoning, in the trades where this metal is used, greatly vitiates the quality of the vital rubber. And then there are the poisonous—the toxic—effects of the various infections, as typhoid fever, tuberculosis and the like. Syphilis, both early and late, work dreadful degenerative changes in the arteries, especially in the aorta, the largest and most important of these vessels—that into which the heart, through the aortic valves, immediately pumps its blood.

And then there is overeating—a very considerable twentieth century vice; in many cases nothing else brings on arteriosclerosis. It has indeed been well said that in this disease the cause is apt to lie in the poisoning due to undigested decomposing material in the alimentary canal; that the evidence of this poisoning (toxemia) lies in the high arterial tension, which soon becomes evident in overworked and degenerated vital rubber; whilst time only is necessary for changes to take place in the kidneys that indicate the generalized arteriosclerosis. "The origin is alimentary; the lesion is arterial; the danger is renal." Nor is arteriosclerosis uncommon in athletes, in men who at college have made their records, in whom muscular exertion has, by increasing resistance, raised the blood pressure unduly.

THROAT TROUBLE.

I. E. R. writes: 1. Are the following symptoms due to cancer of the throat? Vibration of the tongue with intense thirst for many weeks. Supposed bleeding from the throat and continual "slight cough" irritation. Palate inflamed and relaxed, so that the "tab" rests on the tongue. Three or four years of "uneasiness" in both swollen neck glands. At times hard throbbing in the neck accompanied by pumping in ears when lying down. A drawing sensation in the throat almost continually, with periods of sensativeness in heels when walking? 2. Have been taking electric, bowel, massage, back, surging, crown, breeze treatments to strengthen the digestive organs. 4. Which is a good bowel tonic to accompany the following splendid physic remedy many here make and use? Fifteen cents worth of finely ground senna leaves; one pound each of finely ground figs and of raisins; mix well into a loaf on platter and form into small balls, wrapping each in paper. Eat one every night. 5. Will a torpid liver not digest a little bit of the olive oil or honey one eats.

Answer: 1. More likely tuberculosis than cancer. Probably however, no more than a catarrhal condition of the upper air passages, which is, however, bad enough. Intense thirst might indicate diabetes. Why not have the "tab" shortened by a slight cutting operation. Any doctor will do this. After a full meal people are apt to have the pumping in the ears referred to. The drawing sensation in the throat (Globus hystericus) and the sensativeness in the heels are often felt by hysterical folk. 2. I wonder you are alive to tell the tale. 3. Your preparation is a fine bowel tonic in itself; why add another. 4. The liver does not digest anything. Olive oil, however, does lubricate the biliary passages and thus renders the liver less torpid. I would advise a thorough examination by your family doctor.

John B. Huber

This column is devoted to disease prevention; to physical and mental hygiene; to domestic, industrial and public sanitation; to the promotion of health; efficiency and long life. The latest developments in medical science will be presented. Questions of general interest will be answered here, space permitting—all others by mail if stamped return envelope is enclosed. Requests for personal diagnosis or treatment cannot, however, be considered in any way.

TOMORROW: The Signs Of Arteriosclerosis.

This
COLUMBIA Grafonola
$50

Convenient terms of payment can be arranged
Other models from $15 to $200.

Green's Drug Store
Columbia Agents.
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FOR RENT!

Third floor Bunting Building, Front and Grace streets. Will rent by the month, or will entertain long lease, at a very reasonable consideration.

Most admirably situated for all purposes.

Splendid for Wholesale Dry Goods, Manufacturing, such as Overalls, Shirts, etc., or Chemical Laboratory.

No better place for DANCING hall. Conveniently located and a splendid floor.

Also for rent, several offices on the second floor and part of basement.

Brightly lighted from early morning until late in evening. Will save immensely in light bills.

All floors have gas and electric light connections. Rent very reasonable.

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J. Hicks Bunting Drug Company
FRONT AND GRACE STS.
Elevator Service.

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Shell rims and bows of beauty and elegance, made to meet the mode.

Protect your lenses against breakage.

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Hindoo 2-lb. Bagging,
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ROB ROY Flour (Best Made),
Superlative Patent Flour,
Standard Patent Flour,
Fancy Barbadoes Molasses,
SUPREME BRAND Canned Meats
Green Coffees, all grades.

Write For Prices Now.

McNair & Pearsall
STRICTLY WHOLESALE
Wilmington, N. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER—Commissioners' Sale.

By virtue and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage executed by C. D. Foard and wife, Florence H. Foard, on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1915, to the Hanover Trust Co., which mortgage is duly recorded in the Office of the Recorder of Deeds of New Hanover County, Book 87, page 250.

The undersigned mortgagee will expose for sale to the highest bidder at Public Auction, for cash, at the Court House door in the City of Wilmington, New Hanover County, State of North Carolina, at 12:00 o'clock M. on the 7th day of September, A. D. 1916, the following described tract, piece, or parcel of land, lying, being and situated in the City of Wilmington, County of New Hanover, and the State of North Carolina, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the western line of 5th st. 66 feet south of the Southwestern intersection of Princess St. and 5th streets, running thence westwardly and parallel with Princess St. 120 feet, thence southwardly and parallel with 5th street 66 feet, thence eastwardly and parallel with Princess st. 120 feet to the western line of 5th st., thence northwardly and along the western line of 5th st. 66 feet to the point of beginning, and same being part of lot two, in block 168, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington, North Carolina.

HANOVER TRUST CO.
Herbert McClammy, Attorney.

J.F. LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27, 28, 29 Carroll Building

BIG ENROLLMENT EXPECTED

Mr. E. R. Rankin, of University of North Carolina, Says Wilmington Will be Well Represented.

Wilmington will be well represented at the University of North Carolina during the next session, according to Mr. E. R. Rankin, manager of the University Alumni Review, who has been spending several days in the city in the interest of this institution. Mr. Rankin states that the present indications are that there will be an enrollment of not less than 1,250 students at the next session, the largest in the history of the University. Last year was the first time the enrollment had ever gone over 1,000.

Mr. Rankin has been in practically every county in Eastern North Carolina during the summer and has had gratifying success in securing students for the State's biggest school. He has also been in the Western part of the State. He leaves this morning for Lumberton and will visit other points in that section including Fayetteville, Maxton and Laurinburg.

The University has always been popular with Wilmington people and many of the leading citizens here have graduated at the University. Mr. Rankin states that probably the largest number of young men ever to be sent to the University from this city will go this year.

The Alumni Review, which has been under the management of Mr. Rankin since it was founded several years ago, now has a large subscription list and is a most valuable medium for keeping the alumni of the University in close touch with their alma mater.

Mr. Rankin in addition to this other duties has been prominently connected with the extension work of the University, which under the administration of President Graham has been made a very important part of the work of the University. Through this department, the University is now extending its activities to include the people of the entire State rather than the selected few who are able to enroll as students.

TO HIGH POINT THIS WEEK

Rev. J. A. Clark Will Leave for New Pastorate Tuesday.

Rev. J. A. Clark yesterday concluded his work as pastor of Winter Park Baptist church and will leave Tuesday with Mrs. Clark and their little daughter, for High Point, where Mr. Clark will assume the pastorate of the First Baptist church of that city, to which he was recently called. No announcement has been made as yet as to who will succeed him in the Winter Park field.

Since coming here last December from Louisville, Ky., Mr. Clark has done a splendid work and he and Mrs. Clark have endeared themselves to the members of their congregation. They have become very popular in the Winter Park community and have made many friends in and around Wilmington who regret their departure but whose good wishes will follow them to their new home and field of activity.

AMERICO-JAPANESE RELATIONS COMMITTTEE NEW ORGANIZATION

To Promote Friendly Relations Between Japan and America.

Tokio, Aug. 13.—At the instance of the Japan Peace Society, of which Count Okuma, the prime minister, is the president, a new movement for promotion of friedly relations between Japan and the United States has been started by the formation of an association named the Americo-Japanese Relations Committee. The committee consists of leading publicists, scholars, statesmen, financiers and others interested in the United States and promises to devote itself to strengthening and perpetuating the cordial and friendly rerelations between the two countries, and to labor for a friendly settlement of any disputes that may arise.

In furthering its purposes the committee says it will co-operate with the association organized some time ago by American publicists, business men and others in San Francisco, which has an object similar to the new organization.

OFFERS REWARD FOR ROBBERS

Manager Hooper Offers $100 for Arrest of Bath House Thieves or Recovery of Valuables of Guests.

Manager Charles E. Hooper, of the Oceanic Hotel, yesterday announced a reward of $100 for information leading to the arrest of the guilty party or recovery of the $1,000 worth of valuables stolen from the bath house office at the hotel Sunday afternoon.

This announcement, together with the sending of itemized lists of the jewelry and other articles belonging to guests at the hotel, which were stolen from the drawer where surf bathers' valuables are placed for temporary sheriffs in all the principal cities of the safe-keeping, to chiefs of police and country, constituted the chief developments in Wilmington's latest robbery mystery.

Although no arrests of suspects have been made so far, County Officer H. Mack Godwin, the police and sheriff's departments are working hard on the case and no efforts will be spared to land the guilty party or parties, if it should turn out that there was more than one involved.

In this connection, both Manager Hooper and Officer Godwin stated last night that they would very much like to get hold of a sandy-haired, freckledface boy of about 14 years of age, who was observed hanging about the bathhouse office about 6 o'clock on the afternoon of the robbery. As the boy didn't work for the hotel and had no business about the place, the officers and management of the hotel are puzzled as to why he should have loafed near the office for so long a time. No one at the hotel knew his name, but James Battle, colored, who was in charge of the office, states that he knew the boy by sight. One of the men who are working on the case said last night, "I think if we could get hold of that boy, we could learn something to our advantage."

Mr. O. P. Branch, of Raleigh, one of the guests at the hotel, who lost an envelope containing $11 in bank notes, in the robbery, visited Officer Godwin at the latter's office on Princess street yesterday and reported his loss.

TO COMPLETE BUILDING SOON

Work Being Pushed on Wilmington Branch of Swift & Co.—Ready for Occupancy Within a Month.

The new two-story brick building at No. 307 Nutt street, which will be used as the headquarters of Swift & Co., for their extensive meat business in this section, will be ready for occupancy by September 15, according to Mr. A. D. O'Brien, who has the contract for its construction. This building with its equipment will cost probably $50,000 and when completed will be one of the handsomest in the jobbing section.

The outside is built of pressed brick while the inside walls are constituted of half re-enforced concrete and half mill construction. This makes the building as compact and solid as it is possible to make it with modern methods.

The building is two stories in height and has a basement. On the first floor will be an ammonia refrigerating plant and three insulated coolers, each 25 by 50 feet in size. On the second floor will be the office of the government inspector and the meeting room for the salesmen of the company. In the basement will be located a heating plant.

The building is constructed according to the regular plans of the Swift Company for its branch plants. Mr. A. W. Meggison has been here since the building was started in May to represent the Swift interests. He has been highly pleased with prompt manner in which Mr. O'Brien has carried out his contract.

MANY TOWNS AND CITIES IN STATE WANT RICHARDSON

More Than Two Score Have Made Application for Dates for Concerts.

So well known is Don Richardson and his orchestra throughout North Carolina that when it became known less than ten days ago that he was going to make a tour during October and November with his well equipped aggregation of skilled musicians, applications for dates at once began to come in and Richardson has already heard from more than two score towns and cities. He will travel under the auspices of the North Carolina Chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

While the concerts will contain enough popular music to appeal to those liking that kind of selections, there will also be a sufficient number of the more classic pieces to make the concerts of interest to those who like the old composers best. There will be other features to the concerts also that will assure pleasure and enjoyment for all who attend.

Richardson is already booked for two nights at the Raleigh auditorium during the State Fair. Other places for which he is booked includes goldsboro, Durham, Greensboro and Charlotte. For several years Richardson was located in Charlotte before going to New York.

This tour is being made by Richardson and his orchestra during the interim between the completion of his engagement at Wrightsville Beach and the beginning of his engagement in New York. The orchestra which has an established reputation is in great demand in the metropolis.

TO ENTER CONTEST AGAIN.

Mr. Corbett Will Enter Products at the Corn Show from Prize Farm.

Mr. G. W. Corbett, who owns one of the best farms in this section of the State, was a visitor to Wilmington yesterday. Mr. Corbett, who won the prize last year for the best all-'round general farm products exhibit at the New Hanover Corn Show, stated that he intended to enter the contest again this year.

His farm of 400 acres is located about 15 miles west of Currie. Last year Mr. Corbett raised 4,500 pounds of pork at a cost of about one cent a pound, he says. This year he has raised even a larger quantity. His hogs are all registered Berkshires. In addition to the growing of large crops of corn, cotton and forage, he also has on his farm 60 colonies of bees.

MORE HOT WEATHER EXPECTED

Highest Temperature Yesterday Was 93.3 Degrees—Three Hottest Days of Year During Past Week

The Weather Man is no believer in sudden changes, for after roasting the people of Wilmington with 94 degrees on Saturday, he decided that it might be injurious to their health if he let them have a cool spell right off the reel, so he came right back yesterday with 93.3 degrees, just about as close to Saturday's record as he could come without actually equalling it.

Perhaps the sweltering masses groaning under his tyranny touched his heart, or perhaps his supply of hot weather is about exhausted, but anyway he has promised us that today will be cooler, with rain. That, however, will be only a temporary relief, for the forecast for the week calls for generally fair weather with no material change in temperature. Therefore, it will be wise procedure for all who can make it convenient to take a pilgrimage to the beach for the remainder of the week. A shower about 7 o'clock last night brought some relief, but only temporary.

The past week furnished the three hottest days of the season, and as last's year's record smasher came in September, the residents of Wilmington probably have several hot spells still in store for them.

According to Assistant Observer Johnstone, the present summer season has been remarkably cool up until August 9, as compared with the same period last year. Mr. Johnstone, who has made a comparatively study of the past season with that of this year, states that in 1915 up until August 9, the thermometer at the Weather Bureau went to 90 degrees and over no fewer than 20 times, whereas in 1916 up until August 9, the thermometer went to 90 degrees and over but three times.

Last year the highest temperature recorded up to the date mentioned was 95 degrees. In July, 1915, there were nine successive days on which temperatures of 90 degrees and over were recorded. The humidity this year has been about the same in percentage as that of last year up to the present time. All of which would seem to warrant the inference that more hot weather is due during the latter part of August and early in September.

STATE LABOR FEDERATION

Meets Here Today for Three-Day Session—Will Be Featured by Prominent Speakers.

The North Carolina Federation of Labor which meets in annual convention at the Odd Fellows' hall this morning for a three-day session will be marked by addresses by Speakers of prominence and will be attended by more than 100 delegates from the various unions throughout the State.

The convention will be called to order by Mr. O. R. Jarrett, president of the State Federation of Labor, of Asheville, who arrived here yesterday afternoon with nine other delegates from that city. The address of welcome to the delegates will be made by Mayor P. Q. Moore, of Wilmington, following which the response will be delivered by President Jarrett.

Among the chief addresses which will be made at this morning's session will be that of Mr. James Barrett, of Asheville, who will speak on the subject of "Organized Labor and Education." Mr. Barrett was one of the leaders in this State in the fight to secure the passage of the Child Labor law recently passed by Congress, and is a speaker of pleasing personality.

Significant of the closer understanding, it is said, between organized labor in the cities and organized labor in the country districts, will be the attendance of two officially accredited delegates from the State Farmers' Union. This latter organization, which is especially strong in Eastern Carolina, will be represented here by Dr. H. G. Alexander, of Charlotte, and Dr. J. M. Templeton, of Cary. "The interests of the two classes are indentical," declared a well known labor leader here yesterday, "and as a result at the approaching meeting it is believed their mutual interests will be more efficiently served."

Probably the most important matter to be discussed at the convention will be the proposed workmen's compensation act. There will be a definite and well organized effort, it is said, to have the coming General Assembly enact this legislation. An effort along this line was made at the last session of the North Carolina Legislature, but the various forces working for the bill were not well organized, and there was a lack of co-operation, it is asserted, due mainly to the lack of proper organization which really was responsible for the bill not being placed on he statute books at that time.

The invited speakers include Jerome Jones, of Atlanta, Southern organizer of the American Federation of Labor. They will all have messages of direct interest to deliver to the delegates, and it is believed that the convention through its varied programme will prove most helpful to all concerned and be the most important convention held in recent years by the North Carolina Federation.

Among the delegates from Asheville who arrived yesterday are: O. R. Jarrett, president of the State Federation of Labor, and M. E. Meadows, its secretary; J. H. Lindsey, representing the Central Labor Union; F. M. Bean, the painters' union; J. C. Vance, the plumbers' union; H. P. Clayton, the carpenters' union; A. J. Carey, the Asheville Typographical union; C. R. Hoyle, the building trades council; W. C. Gass, the sheet metal workers.

The following men will represent local organizations at the meeting:

Wilmington Trades Council—L. Riordan, R. L. Harker.

Typographical Union, No. 556—J. D. Darden, A. B. Pearce.

Printers, Pressmen and Assistants' Union, No. 186—Thomas Hill.

Bookbinders' Union, No. 209—J. W. Stormfeldt.

International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employes, No. 614—G. H. Stone.

Carpenters and Joiners of America—C. T. Berfoot.

Local division, No. 708, Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America—E. E. Page and E. W. Hall.

FUNERAL OF JOHNNIE TATE WILL BE HELD TODAY

Body of Little Boy Who Was Drowned Saturday, Was Recovered Yesterday.

Funeral services for Johnnie Tate, the ten-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Z. Tate, who was drowned in Cape Fear river near Hilton Saturday afternoon, will be held at the home of his parents, No. 217 Brunswick street, at 10 o'clock this morning. Rev Father Bour will conduct the services, and the interment will be made at Bellevue cemetery.

The boy's body was not recovered until 11 o'clock yesterday morning, when it was found by Mr. Will Brown, who lives at Fourth and Nixon streets. Several versions as to the cause of the drowning were given yesterday. One was to the effect that he was pushed into the water, another that he was bathing, while a third stated that he was sitting on a log with his feet in the water and in some manner fell into the river. The latter theory is held to be the most plausible, as he was unable to swim, and Coroner Holden after viewing the body at Mr. Walter E. Yopp's undertaking establishment, declared that the drowning was undoubtedly due to an accident.

Little George Bryant, who was pulled under the water by the Tate boy in his struggles, seems to be little the worse from his trying experience.

Four of Johnnie Tate's playmates and companions, some of whom were with him at the time the accident occurred, will act as pallbearers at the funeral.

PLENTY OF CANDIDATES.

Mr. L. L. Shepard Will Run for Councilman From the First Ward.

The more the merrier, and there will certainly be sufficient to interest all in the councilmanic contest next spring. In addition to those whose names have already been announced, the Star is advised that Mr. L. L. Shepard will also be a candidate and it is understood that Mr. W. A. Sue will also be in the race.

Friends have been urging Mr. Shepard to run for the last several weeks and he has now decided to make the race. He is in the mercantile business in the First Ward. There will be others.

Immanuel Brotherhood.

The Brotherhood of Immanuel Presbyterian church is now well organized and is doing a good work among the young people of the congregation. It meets each Tuesday night at 8 o'clock and a full attendance of members for this week's meeting is urged. Mr. A. W. Branch is president of the Brotherhood and the entertainment committee on each meeting night always provides something entertaining and pleasant for the members.

ON BLESSEDNESS OF GIVING

Dr. M. L. Kesler, of Thomasville, Preaches at First Baptist Church of Wilmington.

In the absence of the pastor, Rev. Dr. J. J. Hurt, who is spending his vacation in Ohio, Rev. Dr. M. L. Kesler, general manager of the Thomasville Baptist Orphanage, occupied the pulpit of the First Baptist church yesterday, morning and evening.

In his morning sermon Dr. Kesler took for a basis of his discourse a sentence from the parable of the Good Samaritan, "It is more blessed to give than to receive." The literal meaning of this, said Dr. Kesler, was that there was more happiness and pleasure to be derived from an unselfish act than from being the recipient of the kindness of another.

There are two currents flowing through the life of every man, he said, the one flowing into his heart and the other flowing out. The greatest pleasure and the greatest joy was to be derived from the outward flowing current. As an illustration of this he cited an instance that occurred in the flooded district of North Carolina, a few weeks ago. One man with no thought save of greed and selfishness charged a poor, stricken family an outrageous sum to perform for them some trivial or commonplace service, while hundreds of others were cheerfully doing all in their power to aid their suffering neighbors in their hour of need, without charge.

When a man moves into a new community, said Dr. Kesler, he inquires about the environments that his family will be subjected to in the community; if it is a safe place in which to rear his children. This, continued Dr. Kesler, is a proper and sensible question, but one that is of greater importance is for the man to ask himself if it will be a good thing for the neighbors as well. This was another illustration of the teaching of the text.

There is pleasure in receiving gifts. That is common to human nature, but deep down in the heart of every one is a greater pleasure derived from the gladdening of some other heart by means of generosity. Who, asked Dr Kesler, experiences the greater thrill of joy on Christmas morning, the child who receives the Yuletide gifts, or the fond parents, who have surreptitiously brought them in, in anticipation of the joy that they will bring?

A parent feels a thrill of joy in sending a check to the daughter or son at college, that the recipient can not experience. The lesson to be drawn from this is that more genuine pleasure and happiness is to be gained by working for the Master than in receiving the many blessings that he bestows upon us.

AGED WOMAN DIES

Mrs. Jemima Ann Sugg Dead at Age of 76 Years—Funeral Today.

Mrs. Jemima Ann Sugg, widow of the late John Sugg, and one of the oldest members of the First Baptist church, this city, died yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at the James Walker Memorial Hospital to which she had been taken only a few hours before from the home of her niece, Mrs. Herbert H. King, No. 705 South Fourth street, with whom she had made her home for a number of years. She was in the 76th year of her age and her death was perhaps due more to the infirmities of one of her years than to any specific cause. She was a deeply consecrated Christian woman and her many friends will regret to know of her passing. Of the immediate family, she is survived only by a brother, Mr. Oliver Hammond, of Cedar Creek, N. C., another brother having died a short while ago at Cerro Gordo, N. C.

The funeral of Mrs. Sugg will be conducted at 3 o'clock this afternoon from the residence of another niece, Mrs. J. A. Cooker, No. 112 Wooster street, and the interment will be in Oakdale cemetery.

Greensboro, N. C., Aug. 13.—Former Chief of Police J. W. Slaughter, of Draper, was late last night convicted of manslaughter by a jury in superior court at Wenworth and sentenced to two years in prison and to pay a fine of $400 for the killing at Draper several months ago of a white man named Thomas Weaver. At the time of the killing Slaughter was chief of police. The fine of $400 the jury requires to be paid to the widow of Weaver. The jury permits the hiring out of Slaughter during the two years' sentence and the wife of the convicted man has put in a bid for his services.

SERVICE

The value of a bank's service to depositors and borrowers depends upon the scope, character and efficiency of the service rendered.

In choosing this as YOUR Bank, you have assurance of a service capable of meeting your most exacting requirements, together with courteous consideration, ample capital, large surplus fund, perfect organization and efficient and able management.

These are all factors in making this Bank the logical bank for your Savings Account.

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CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS

WHY?

This city employs firemen and policemen for exactly the same reasons you need a

SAFE DEPOSIT BOX

Because every year large numbers of homes and business buildings burn;

And because there are always thieves prowling around after valuable things you and other people want to keep.

We have boxes for rent at $1.00 to $10.00 per year.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

110 Princess Street

Men's Clothing Section

One-Third Off On Men's Summer Clothing

All Keep Cool Suits

$7.50, $8.50, $10.00 and $12.50

One-Third Off

All Palm Beach Suits

$4.98, $7.50, $8.50 and $10.00

One-Third Off

All Mohair Suits

$7.50 to $12.50

One-Third Off

Men's Straw Hats at One-Half Price

Belk-Williams Co.

210-212 North Front Street

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. O. G. Wrenn, of Raleigh, was a guest at Hotel Wilmington yesterday.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Keste, of Salisbury, were in the city yesterday, guests at The Orton.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Elias Lamb, of Lumberton, were in the city yesteday, registered at Hotel Wilmington.

• • •

Miss Isabelle Clark, of Fayetteville, is visiting Miss Lena May Herring at her home on Masonboro Sound.

• • •

Mrs. J. P. Paisley and Mr. Bynum Striewalt, of Davidson, are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. G. H. Croom.

• • •

Yesterday's Raleigh News and Observer: "Mrs. J. T. Burke, of Wilmington, is visiting Mrs. W. C. Betts."

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Arey Britt and Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Britt, of Lumberton, were in the city yesterday, guests at The Imperial.

• • •

Mrs. E. N. Clark and Miss Ruth Hightower, of Fayetteville, were in the city yesterday, visiting relatives at Wrightsville Beach.

• • •

Mrs. A. B. Lawrence, of Birmingham, Ala., is in Wilmington to visit her relatives, Mrs. Chas. B. Newcombe and Mr. J. W. Hale.

• • •

Mrs. John T. Bain, of Greensboro, is spending several days with her sister, Mrs. J. T. Newman, at the latter's home on Dock street.

• • •

Mr. C. M. James, engineer of construction of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad, Mrs. James and their two daughters, of Wilmington, are spending some time at Blue Ridge Springs, Va.

• • •

Miss Elizabeth Tate, of Greensboro, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs J. T. Newman, of No. 412 Dock street for several days, has returned to her home.

• • •

Mr. W. L. Walker, who is connected with the office of Alexander Sprunt & Son, in Bremen, Germany, is spending his vacation with his parents, Capt. and Mrs. John M. Walker, at their residence on Wrightsville Beach. He will spend several weeks here before returning to Bremen.

• • •

Tht regular monthly meeting of the Woman's Missionary Society of the First Baptist church will be held in the Philathea room at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Mrs. C. O. Byerly will preside at the business meeting and Miss Alice Brooks will have charge of the devotional session.

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HOOD-MITCHELL WEDDING AT KINSTON IS A SURPRISE

Kinston, N. C., Aug. 13. — Local society got a shock yesterday when news of the marriage of Robin Hood, of Smithfield, a former resident of Kinston and well known here, and Miss Terry Mitchell, youngest daughter of Mrs. A. Mitchell, of Mitchelltown, this city, was broken to the couple's friends. Like the bridegroom, the bride is prominently connected. The ceremony was performed by Rev. N. B. Wilson, a Methodist minister, at Goldsboro. The bride borrowed a brother's automobile without informing him of the use that it would be put to. Miss Susie Perry was "picked up" for a jaunt, and witnessed the ceremony. A party of young Mr. Hood's friends from Smithfield, who had been posted, were on hand. The bride wore a street dress. Mr. and Mrs. Hood returned here to get Mrs. Hood's wardrobe, and took the next train out for a carefully planned northern trip. The bride is quite popular, vivacious and attractive. She was educated in Maryland and Virginia. Mr. Hood is a nephew of J. B. Hood, of this city.

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ATTRACTIVE BRIDGE PARTY IN HONOR OF MRS. JHON C. GIBBS

Fayetteville, N. C., August 13.—Mrs. John C. Gibbs, a July bride, was the guest of honor at one of the most attractive bridge parties of the season Thursday morning; Miss Sallie Myers being the hostess, at the home of Miss Myers' sister, Mrs. L. C. Wooten, on Rowan street. The house was prettily decorated with roses and red dahlias. An exquisite cut glass rose vase was the prize awarded Mrs. A. M. Huggins for top score at bridge. The guest prize, a cut glass cologne bottle, was presented to Mrs. Gibbs. Following the game, a two-course luncheon was served. Besides the guest of honor, Miss Myers' guests were Mrs. F. H. Stedman, Mrs. J. R. Tolar, Jr., Mrs. E. J. Hale, Jr., Mrs. S. H. Strange, Mrs. Robert Strange, Mrs. J. B. Underwood, Mrs. A. M. Huggins, Mrs. I. W. Hughes, of Henderson, Mrs. S. W. Tillinghast, Mrs. Hunter C. Smith, Mrs. D. G. MacKeithan, Misses Fan. Kyle, Kate Broadfoot, Fan. Williams and Essie Kelly. Mrs. Gibbs was Miss Janie Dorothy Howard, of Danville, Va., and was married to former Mayor Gibbs on the 19th of July, and is being cordially welcomed by Fayetteville society.

Misses Helen and Louise Bruton, of Columbia, S. C., visiting in the city, Juanita Davis, Mary Starr Cook, Katherine Renalds, Sarah Tolar and Emma Pemberton, and Messrs. H. L. Cook, Jr., Malloy Davis and Earl Stewart, were members of a party which motored out to Cumberland Thursday afternoon to picnic on the banks of beautiful Cumberland lake. A good portion of an enjoyable afternoon was spent in swimming and other aquatic sports. The party was chaperoned by Mrs. H. L. Cook and Mrs. Sam Davis.

• • •

INTERESTING SOCIAL EVENTS OF THE WEEK IN WALLACE

Wallace, N. C., Aug. 12.—Mrs. J. C. Keel delightfully entertained Thursday morning from 10 to 12 o'clock at rook in honor of her house guests Misses Rosa Taylor and Sarah Daniels, Middlesex. The decorations of cut flowers and ferns added much to the attractiveness of the home. Vases of asters graced the tables, at which the popular game was played. A delicious ice course was served. The invited guests were Misses Madge and Susie Southerland, Sue and Alice Hussey, Ellis Register, Norma Carr, Ruth Williams, Lois and Minnie and Lura Boone, Lillie Carr, Mrs. Wharton Williams.

Thursday afternoon, from 5 to 7 o'clock, the young people entertained at the hospitable home of Mr. and Mrs. James D. Southerland, in honor of Mrs. Allen Powers, formerly Miss Susie Boney, of this place; since marriage, of Hamlet. The hostess for the occasion, Miss Susie Southerland, assisted by Misses Anna Clement, Madge Southerland, Ruth Williams and Lillie Carr, received the guests on the spacious porch, where a spirited game of rook was played. The scheme of decorations was yellow and white, which was carried out in the sandwich course, later in ices. The invited guests were Minnie and Lois Boone, Sallie Powell, of Goldsboro; Madge and Susie Southerland, Lillie Carr, Mary Lillie Hussey and guest, Miss Hussey, of Warsaw; Jennie and Anna Clement, Sarah Daniels and Rosa Taylor, of Middlesex; Ruth Williams. Mesdames Allen Powers, Alexander Southerland, Graham Smith, Wharton Williams, B. F. Pearsall, Osborne Carr and Phil Clement, of Charleston, S. C.

Miss Geneva Quinn, of Chinquapin, is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. R. B. Colwell, has gone to Rose Hill, where she was called by the serious illness of her niece, Miss Mary Lou Wilkins. As soon as Miss Wilkins is able to take the trip she will be carried to the hospital for an operation.

Miss Ruth James, of Clinton, is the guest of Miss Virginia James.

Friends were glad to shake hands with Dr. B. R. Graham, of Wilmington, the other night. He was up on professional business.

Mr. Joe Bland, of Camp Glenn, visited friends in town Wednesday and Thursday.

Miss Gene Herring is with her brother, Herbert, who is still a patient at James Walker Hospital, Wilmington. Robert is reported as doing nicely and expects to be able to leave for home in a few days.

Mrs. George Butt and children, of Washington, D. C., are visiting their aunt, Mrs. D. E. Boney.

Friends are glad to see Mr. John B. Boney able to be on the streets after his attack of typhoid fever.

Dr. J. W. Carroll was in the city Saturday with a patient for James Walker Memorial Hospital.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

—Mr. Max Warshauer has left on a business trip to Baltimore and Philadelphia to lay in a stock of fall goods for his store here.

—Among the arrivals at The Hotel Wilmington yesterday were: J. H. Galloway, Fayetteville; R. M. High, Lumberton; John B. Sanders, Durham; W. O. Clark, Raleigh; D. M. Stringfield, Fayetteville; W. D. McLelland, Cerro Gordo; E. K. Williams, W. T. Geddie, Wade; L. W. Laney, Ainsley Laney, George Lasey, Frank Dillon, Monroe.

—Among the arrivals at The Orton yesterday were: William Hands, A. L. Long, Spencer; W. E. Shuping, Salisbury; W. F. Moody, E. R. Law, Raleigh; W. T. Barnes, T. O. Faucette, Raleigh; E. F. Snakenburg, G. E. Brookshaw, Raleigh; E. R. Faires, J. A. Harper, Charlotte; J. W. Trent, Raleigh; H. J. Bolton, Rocky Mount; E. J. Schwartz, Durham.

YUAN'S DAUGHTER BETHROTHED

To a Son of China's Late President, Yuan Shi-Kai.

Peking, Aug. 13.—One of President Li Yuan-hung's young daughters is betrothed to a son of the late Yuan Shi-kai. Announcement of the betrothal was made several months ago. The little boy is about thirteen years old, and Li Yuan-hung's daughter several years younger. According to Chinese customs this bethrothal is equivalent to a marriage and disavowal of it would be regarded as divorce proceedings.

THREE MEN DROWNED IN THE SURF AT FORT CASWELL YESTERDAY

(Continued From Page One).

deep ponds, lakes and streams, to forget that the water of the ocean is far more dangerous at depths to which they have been accustomed. However, it was not stated if any particular warning was given the young men when they started to go into the surf yesterday.

The triple tragedy yesterday cast a shadow over the entire military community at the Fort throughout the day. A baseball game scheduled for the afternoon was cancelled. It was the irony of fate that the day to which the visiting soldier boys had looked forward with pleasure all the week, the day for rest and recreation and a break in the hard work of the week, augmented so far as the Wilmington contingent was concerned by the pleasure of having as visitors many of the "folks from home," should have been turned suddenly into a day of tragedy and sorrow.

NINE MEN WERE IN SURF AT TIME OF THE TRAGEDY

(By Long Distance Telephone.)

Southport, N. C., Aug. 13.—An intense horror pervades the State camp at Fort Caswell tonight over the triple drowning which occurred off the beach at the Fort, about 10 o'clock this morning.

A number of men from the camp went out on the beach where it was suggested that a dip in the ocean would be pleasant on so hot a day. To this nine of the party, Alexander, Guthrie, Howell, Johnson, McKoy, Prescott, Ardrey, White and Swaim, agreed. A strong ebb tide was running and almost before it seemed possible for anything to happen, the men on the beach could see that something was wrong. A telephone call was sent to the Coast Guard station, one mile down the coast. Capt. Sam Brinkman and his crew responded promptly, making the trip in ten minutes.

By the time the Coast Guard boat arrived, the bodies of Swaim and Ardrey were brought ashore. Every effort was made to resuscitate them, but to no avail.

W. E. Ardrey, of Charlotte, was a grandson of the late Capt. Ardrey, who had charge of the Charlotte mint at one time. Leonard Swaim, also of Charlotte, was employed by the Western Union Telegraph Co. His widowed mother lives in Lexington.

The body of Fred White, of Salisbury, the third victim of the tragedy, had not been recovered at a late hour tonight.

The work of Tom Bagley, a young man from Wilmington, was especially praiseworthy, he going into the sea and assisting in bringing in some of those in distress. Every man on the beach did all he could.

Many a Lady is Beautiful all but her skin; and nobody has ever told her how easy it is to put beauty on the skin. Beauty on the skin is MAGNOLIA BALM. Just try it today. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. Sample Free. Lyon Manufg Co., 42 South Fifth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Wrightsville Beach

Among the arrivals at the Hanover Inn yesterday were: Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Mitchell, of Fairmont; Misses Erin Slatten and Ruth Rogers, of Atlanta; Mr. J. J. Rogers and family, of Birmingham, Ala., and F. M. Smith of Whiteville.

Yesterday's Greensboro News: "Miss Mary Foust will leave today for Wrightsville Beach, where she will be a member of a house party given by Miss Mary Holt. On her return from Wrightsville Beach, she will go to Camden, S. C., where she will be the guest for several days of her brother, H. P. Foust."

Among the recent arrivals at the Temple cottage are: Mrs. C. E. Williams and children, Cerro Gordo; R. E. Rives, Florence, S. C.; Miss Augusta Thomson, Faison; W. D. Clifton and family, Faison; Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Crawford, Charlotte; Mrs. C. M. Watson and daughters, Fayetteville; Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Toukel, Goldsboro.

Manager Wood, of the Lumina open air theatre, will have two good pictures to exhibit tonight, one being a comedy entitled "Human Hands," and the other a drama which has for its title, "The Old Man Who Tried to Grow Young." Pictures will be shown each night this week. In order to give variety enough to suit all, a drama and two comedy reels have been booked for each night.

The intense heat drove 3,300 people to the beach yesterday, which was the biggest day of the summer at the resort. In addition to the large number of townspeople the various Sunday excursions consisted of something over a thousand visitors and in addition to these there were about 100 week-enders who came by the special Pullman service from Atlanta and other Georgia points. These were taken down on two special cars leaving the city at 1:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Every available bath suit was requisitioned into service at the hotels and Lumina yesterday in order to take care of the large number who were trying to keep cool and found the water the best available means of doing so. From one end of the beach to the other there was a long line of bathers. The surf was just right for an enjoyable "dip" until near sundown when the high tide reached its climax, causing the breakers to come in with sufficient force to make it rather too rough for comfort.

Every incoming train to Wilmington yesterday was loaded to overflowing with passengers and the majority of these went straight through to the beach. More than 500 came in on the Wilmington & Weldon road while from Fayetteville and intermediate points there were more than 400. Between 200 and 300 came in on the New Bern line and a hundred or more on the Florence line. The Seaboard also brought in a large number of passengers, the majority of these being for the week-end.

Little Miss Leota McNemery, the seven-year-old juvenile entertainer, will be one of the attractions at the musical recitals at the Seashore Hotel tomorrow evening. She was in Wilmington three years ago with Redpath Chautauqua. Another attraction will be Miss Rose Casey, a prominent young society lady of Chattanooga, Tenn., who is an accomplished soprano soloist. Mr. Fisher, of the Seashore Orchestra, will render a violin solo. These, added to the singing of Mrs. Pearson, should assure an enjoyable evening to all attending. An admission will be charged. Tickets may be secured at the Seashore Hotel or at the door.

Among the arrivals at the Seashore Hotel yesterday were: G. O. Rhodes, Richmond, Va.; C. B. Hill, New Bern; Dr. J. F. Highsmith, J. D. Highsmith, J. F. Highsmith, Jr., Fayetteville; Dr. F. T. Underwood, Wilson; Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Mitchell, Fairmont; Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Marks, Montgomery, Ala.; M. T. Moren, Whiteville; Mr. and Mrs. O. I. Floyd, Fairmont; H. Berry, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Crosland, Marion, S. C.; Mrs. J. A. Bailey, Mrs. J. P. Averill, Mrs. C. M. Paine, Averill Paine, Miss Dorothy Paine, Atlanta, Ga.; Mrs. Sam Larrie, Florence, S. C.; F. T. Hoyt, Atlanta, Ga.; H. H. Dabbs, Carrollton, Ala.; H. J. Reid, Athens, Ga.; Mrs. Neil Ferguson, Birmingham, Ala.; T. C. Buford, Atlanta, Ga.; C. O. Hayslett, Tuscaloosa, Ala.

Don Richardson believes in keeping his audience in a sympathetic frame of mind at the Sunday concerts at Lumina and he is sure to introduce enough variety in the selections to make the programme appeal to all. Of the more classical selections used last night, the "La Traviata" was easily the favorite while perhaps for the larger number of the audience there were no selections that were rendered with more effect than the two hymns which were played by request, these being "Joy to the World" and "Lead Kindly Light." A feature of the night concert was the 'cello solo by Mr. Paul Elkind. The afternoon concert was of a more popular nature. Responding to the several encores, patriotic airs were played, including a medley in which they were beautifully blended. These selections were greeted with an outburst of applause.

Among yesterday's arrivals at the Oceanic were: L. S. Ward, Jacksonville; Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, Atlanta, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Dallas, Miss Anna Terry, Atlanta, Ga.; P. Q. Moore, P. Heinsberger, Wilmington; J. W. Hinston, Miss Gertrude Owens, Atlanta, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Stokes, Mrs. B. A. Bloodworth, James Jones, Atlanta, Ga.; J. C. Henley, Statesville; J. M. Marshall, W. Z. Marshall, LaGrange; Joe Stone, Mrs. Thomas V. Sharpe, Wilmington; V. H. Bendall, Albany, N. Y.; J. P. Hughes, Danville, Va.; C. M. Booth, South Boston, Va.; O. G. Dunn, Newbern; G. O. Rhodes, Richmond, Va.; W. R. Scarborough, Bishopville, S. C.; R. P. Bolton, Fayetteville; Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Edwards, Wilson; M. R. Correll, Lumberton; Miss Laura Campbell, Aberdeen; Miss Ruth Williams, Godwin, C. L. Pastor, Greensboro; R. M. Lightfoot, Fayetteville; Tom C. Daniels, New Bern; Mrs. Jane Stokes, New Bern.

CONFIDENT THERE WILL BE ENOUGH MEN TO MAN SHIPS

Norfolk, Va., August 13. — With a number of naval civilian volunteers already at the navy yard, and others known to be en route, yard officials are confident that the battleships Louisiana and Illinois will be well manned for the practice cruise which begins Tuesday morning. The two ships are scheduled to sail early Tuesday morning to join the ships from New York, Boston and other points, in Gardiner's Bay, completing the squadron. The Louisiana is expected to arrive at the yard from Baltimore some time during tomorrow morning.

ROMANCE ENDS IN WEDDING

Miss Pearl Walker and Mr. J. A. Holford, Despite Parental Objection, Are Married by Justice Bornemann.

A love affair of several years standing reached a romantic culmination yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, when Miss Pearl Walker, daughter of Mrs. C. V. Canaday, of Phoenix, and Mr. Jas. A. Holford, a prominent farmer of the same place, were united in marriage by Justice G. W. Bornemann at his office in Wilmington.

Owing to the objection to the match on part of the bride's mother, the couple decided to take matters in their own hands yesterday. Accordingly shortly after Miss Walker, who gave her age as 19 years, had set out from home ostensibly for the purpose of attending Sunday school at the Phoenix Presbyterian church yesterday morning, Mr. Holford, who gave his age as 58 years, just happened along in an automobile and they were driven posthaste to Wilmington.

Arriving in the city, Mr. Holford, through Justice Bornemann, got in touch by telephone with Deputy Register of Deeds A. L. Meyland, who obligingly consented to come down to his office and issue the license. Upon reaching his office, however, Mr. Meyland stated he would like to have additional evidence as to the young lady's age.

Accordingly, Mr. Holford asked the driver of the automobile to make the trip back to Phoenix and bring back Mr. J. W. Hardy, who he stated could dissipate any doubts on this subject. Meanwhile the young couple betook themselves to Judge Bornemann's office to patiently await the return of the machine. About two hours later Mr. Hardy returned in the machine and made the necessary affidavit.

While waiting for the return of the machine, Miss Walker said that her mother, who had married a second time, objected to the marriage. She also volunteered the information that she had set out for Sunday school and while on her way there had been picked up by Mr. Holford. Mr. Holford also stated that they had first met at Sunday school some years ago.

The official witnesses of the marriage were Messrs. George Hollis and Herbert Benton, of Leland, and Mr. J. W. Hardy, of Phoenix.

Following the ceremony, the bridal party and Justice Bornemann enjoyed a wedding supper which was ordered sent over from a nearby restaurant. Justice Bornemann sang among other selections, "Darling I Am Growing Old," "Annie Laurie" and playing his accompaniments on the accordeon also sang the sextette from "Lucia Di Lammermoor."

Before returning to Phoenix, where they will reside, Mr. and Mrs. Holford are spending their honeymoon at Wrightsville Beach.

—Among the arrivals at the Imperial Hotel yesterday were: Dewey Evans, Dan Martin, A. H. Fine, J. D. Medlin, J. R. Wollard, J. D. McClennahan, Maxton; D. M. Bostic, W. E. Wells, Wallace.

DANGEROUS CALOMEL IS SELDOM SOLD NOW

Calomel Salivates! It Makes You Sick and You Lose a Day's Work—Dodson's Liver Tone Acts Better Than Calomel and Is Harmless for Men, Women, Children—Read Guarantee!

Every druggist here, yes! your druggist and everybody's druggist has noticed a great falling-off in the sale of calomel. They all give the same reason. Dodson's Liver Tone is taking its place.

"Calomel is dangerous and people know it while Dodson's Liver Tone is safe and gives better results," said a prominent local druggist. Dodson's Liver Tone is personally guaranteed by every druggist. A large family-sized bottle costs only 50 cents and if you find it doesn't take the place of dangerous, salivating calomel you have only to ask for your money back.

Dodson's Liver Tone is a pleasant-tasting, purely vegetable remedy, harmless to both children and adults. Take a spoonful at night and wake up feeling fine, no sick headache, biliousness, ague, sour stomach or clogged bowels. Dodson's Liver Tone doesn't gripe or cause inconvenience all next day like calomel.

Take a dose of calomel tonight and tomorrow you will feel sick, weak and nauseated. Don't lose a day's work!

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up with your head clear, your liver active, bowels clean, breath sweet and stomach regulated. You will feel cheerful and full of vigor and ready for a hard day's work.

You can eat anything afterwards without risk of salivating yourself or your children.

Get a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone and try it on my guarantee. You'll never again put a dose of nasty, dangerous calomel into your stomach.

Mr. Walter Stokely and Mr. Ridgely made one of the finest catches of drum fish yesterday that have been made on the beach this season.

RUB-MY-TISM

Will cure **Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headaches, Cramps, Colic Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Old Sores, Tetter, Ring-Worm, Eczema, etc. Antiseptic Anodyne, used internally or externally. 25c**

TO THE PUBLIC:

Elijah Herring is not in my employ. I will not be responsible for any debts he may contract.

Edward J. Wood

Expecting the Stork?

Every mother-to-be should be in the midst of pleasant and comfortablee surroundings, and a constant user of "Mother's Friend"—the true friend of expectant mothers. The future baby's health and that of its mother is of utmost importance and nothing can take the place of "Mother's Friend" in preparing for such an event. Get it at your druggist. Write for free book on Motherhood.

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IN LEAD 801 DAYS

We have been in the Retail Grocery Business in this city Exactly 801 Days, and have

Never Failed to Score the Highest Percentage in Keeping a Sanitary Grocery Shop.

Why pay Drug Bills, and Disregard this Statement?

HALL & ROSS, Inc.

The Busiest Grocery in This City.

CASH CAPITAL OR A "GOOD TIME"

You can secure with your income, aside from a bare living, either a cash capital or a good time. As a rule the prospects for a cash capital diminish as the "good time" idea remains uppermost.

But if you practice self restraint and keep the "Cash Capital" idea in view, you will be amply repaid in the end in the enjoyment of both, for you will have two incomes—that from your business and that from your capital.

HOME SAVINGS BANK
Wilmington, N. C.

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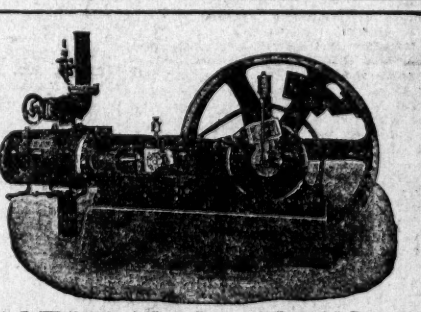
BOILERS
PUMPS



WILMINGTON IRON WORKS
"THE IRON MEN."

"WHEN A MAN'S A MAN"

—By Harold Bell Wright—

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FRONT STREET MARKET

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

CLEWS' BUSINESS REVIEW

Stock Market Faces Series of Perplexities—Crop Situation Unsatisfactory. Financial.

(Special Star Correspondence).

New York, Aug. 13.—The stock market is contending with a series of perplexities such as the war, labor troubles, poor crop reports, foreign liquidation, inflation in commodities, the Mexican situation, the Presidential campaign, etc. The volume of business has been more or less restricted by the large number of vacation absentees, but the general undertone has been confident and is improving in spite of the conflicting tendencies referred to.

The crop situation is anything but satisfactory. The government's August report for wheat indicated a yield of only 654,000,000 bushels, compared with 1,011,0000,000 bushels last year, and 728,000,000 bushels for the five-year average ending 1914. This is a decrease of 100,000,000 bushels, compared with the July report. For corn, the outlook is simply fair, the government report indicating a crop of 2,777,000,000 bushels, compared with 3,055,000 bushels last year and 2,732,000,000 bushels for the five-year average. Oats figure at 1,274,000,000 bushels, against 1,540,000,000 a year ago. Here is a decrease of nearly 650,000,000 bushels in the three principal grain crops. So far as money value goes, the loss of quantity in wheat is being very largely offset by the rise in values. The same is true of corn, but not of oats, which are lower in price then a year ago.

It is just as well to remember that real prosperity consists in abundance and not in high prices, which invariably come out of the public and limit expenditures in other directions. Dear bread will not alleviate social unrest. On the other hand, the farming classes, who are still the backbone of the country, will not suffer financially for the reason that they will get almost as much in money and in some instances more for this year's crops than for last year's yield, of which a considerable surplus still remains and which will be benefitted by higher prices. Wheat has already advanced more than 50 cents per bushel since June, and might have gone still higher had it not been for the more favorable weather reports of last week. The harvest is close at hand, and as August is frequently a month of deterioration the next two or three weeks may have an important bearing upon the national yield. Suffice it to say that in the long run, neither the United States nor the world at large can profit from a short crop, especially when the yield is curtailed by war in other countries. The cotton crop also promises to be light, not much over 12,000,000 bales and but little in excess of last year. The present price is, however, about 5 cents above a year ago, and with consumption running perilously close to production growers are reasonably certain of good profits.

An interesting feature in our foreign commerce returns for the last fiscal year was that out of total merchandise exports of $4,353,000,000, more than half, or $2,685,000,000, consisted of manufactures which doubled their amount in the past twelve months. Of foodstuffs our exports were $976,000,000, compared with $361,000,000 last year, while of raw materials our exports were $586,300,000, against $510,000,000 a year ago. This increase in exports of manufactures is extremely significant. For some years the tendency in this country has been decidedly towards larger exports of manufactures and smaller exports of foodstuffs, this being a natural sequence of our growing population and industrial development.

The extraordinary expansion in manufactured exports is mainly due to the war and must be considered as quite abnormal. Nevertheless, there is no doubt that we shall retain much of this newly gained foreign trade, provided our costs can be made to meet those of Great Britain and Germany, who will strenuously endeavor to recover all and more than they have lost. Our chief handicap will be high priced commodities and labor troubles, in both of which there will have to be a readjustment before we can successfully meet foreign competition abroad.

There is still no prospect for a prompt ending of the war. Recent successes of the Allies seemingly only serve to strengthen their determination to completely overcome the Central Powers. This probably is the explanation of additional large munition orders now being received from abroad. The steel trade has, of course, felt the stimulus of these demands. Prices are very firm and the outlook is for continued activity in this department of industry. Some huge orders for copper are also being negotiated by the Allies. The labor situation has been quite a factory in financial circles, but the adjustment of the strike in New York City and the acceptance of mediation by the representatives of railway labor was favorably interpreted in the "Street."

The dispute between the railroads and their employes, however, is far from being settled; and the feeling is growing that the third party to the dispute—the public—has greater interests at stake than either of the two contesting parties. Both sides are anxious to have public opinion upon their side, and the outcome of the controversy is still uncertain, although financial interests are inclined to believe there will be no serious strike or tieup of traffic. The Presidential campaign is proceeding so quietly as to be hardly a factor in financial affairs. Congress is endeavoring to adjourn about September 1st, and the Mexican problem has now passed into a much less acute stage; the administration evidently doing its best to secure a satisfactory adjustment before election.

General business is quiet as usual in August, though the volume of trade is larger than a year ago, as testified by both bank clearings and railroad earnings. The railroads are now enjoying more prosperity than for several years, but the fact that the companies are facing a heavy increase in operating costs and that they have only recently escaped serious financial complications, prevents any special enthusiasm among railroad managers. The money market continues easy in spite of approaching corp demands, and both time money and commercial paper have shown a downward tendency. Rumors are again revived of a coming British collateral war loan. Thus far these rumors are not verified and the British are known to be unfavorable to the idea of putting up collateral; but this feature would undoubtedly assure its success on this side and would also materially relieve the pressure of foreign holdings in this market. Had it not been for the constant heavy influx of high grade securities from abroad this market would have been considerably higher. Should this pressure be withdrawn, it would be interesting to note the effect up a class of securities which have so far escaped the inflationary effects of war and a plenthoric money market.

HENRY CLEWS.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Cherokee, Bunnell, Georgetown, C. J. Becker, agent.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 3,253 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted August 12 by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 13.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nominal.

ROSIN—Nominal.

TAR—$2.75-11c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—$4.00, $4.00, $3,00.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 33½c; rosin, $2.65 and $2.55; tar, $1.70-8c.; crude turpentine, nominal.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine .....(—)
Rosin .....(—)
Tar 7
Crude Turpentine 2

Receipts—Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, (—) casks; rosin, (—) barrels; tar, 34 barrels; crude turpentine, 9 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—13½c.; quotations same day last year, Nominal.

Receipts—766 bales; same day last year, 161 bales.

Total receipts since August 1, to date, 6,745 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 2,817 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Aug. 13.

SWEET POTATOES — Yams, 60c. to 65c. bushel.

IRISH POTATOES—80c.

CORN—$1.90 to $1.95 per sack.

BEEF.—Native dressed, 9c. to 11c.; good demand.

PORK—Small, 10c. to 11c. per pound.

WOOL—Burry, 20c.; first class washed wool, 35c.

HIDES — Green salt, 13c. to 14c.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 19c. to 20c.; sides and shoulders, 15c. to 16c. per pound; good demand.

BEESWAX—Firm, 25c per pound; good demand.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 50c. to 55c.; spring, 20c. to 30c. head.

EGGS—19c. to 20c. dozen.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Aug. 13.—North Carolina Peanuts—Market, steady. Fancy hand picked, 70c; No. 1 machine picked, 65c per bushel.

Virginia Peanuts—Market, steady. Jumbos, 60c; fancy hand picked, 55c; No. 1, machine picked, 50c per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—Market steady; No. 1, small, machine picked, 80c; Jumbos, 75c per bushel.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., Aug. 13.—Spanish—Farmers' stock—Market, firmer, 1.02½ per bu.

Virginias—Farmers' stock — Market, quiet. Jumbo, 3¾c. per lb.; Fancy hand picked, 3½c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3¼c. per lb.; Prime, 3c. per lb.; Shelling stock, 2½c. to 2¾c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

Price Advanced During Week to Highest Level in Six Years.

New Orleans, Aug. 13.—The price of cotton was advanced last week to the highest level in six years by heavy buying, the bulk of which, according to gossip of the market, came from groups of traders in New York and Chicago. More outside interest was displayed in the situation and there was fairly good buying from the interior of the South at times, although late in the week there was a disposition to take advantage of the high values prevailing and sell hedges against cotton being picked or about to be picked.

The high levels of the week were made Wednesday, when the distant months sold up practically to the 15-cent level and October touched 14.33. Here the trading months were 52 points over the preceding week's close. The buying was based on the growing belief that this cannot be a large crop, owing to the adverse weather conditions, particularly drouth in Oklahoma. The weekly crop reports from the government on Wednesday were somewhat better than expected and were a setback for the long side, as were only the small mill takings and the small decrease in the visible supply of American cotton last week. The market had a tendency toward reaction from Wednesday on, and closed at a net gain for the week of 14 to 15 points. This week the weather probably will play an important part in the trading. Rains in the west and dry weather in the east would make for ideal conditions and work against prices. A feature that will be closely watched is the increased movement of new cotton in Texas, as the bears believe the crop movement soon will press against the market. The idea among the bull traders is that farmers are going to market carefully and that there will be a trade demand for everything offered.

BIG DEMOCRATIC RALLY

Everybody to Ride Democratic Mule at Raeford Aug. 25.

Raliegh, N. C., Aug. 13.—Everybody will ride a Democratic mule August 25 at Raeford, according to preliminary announcements of the great Democratic rally which State Chairman Warren and the Raeford committee are going to pull off on that date. Cameron Morrison, Democratic candidate for elector at large, and Lee D. Robinson, candidate for Congress from the Seventh district, will be the principal speakers, and the presence of a large gathering of the unterrified Democracy of Hoke and adjoining counties is already assured. In addition to the parade of prominent Democrats mounted on mules, there will be a barbecue dinner and a baseball game.

SOME HEAVINESS IN RAILS

Stock Market Much Affected During Week by the Railroad Situation. The Crop Situation.

New York, Aug. 12.—The end of a moderately active and irregular week found the financial district more than ever in doubt regarding the outcome of the controversy between the railroad managers and their 400,000 organized employes. Failure of the mediation conferences, of which Wall Street seemed so hopeful, was followed by some heaviness in important rails, but the list in general held firm, as a final break was not reached. Another unfavorable feature was the government crop report which bore out some of the more pessimistic estimates of damage to corn and wheat in the west and northwest. In spite of these disclosures, little impression was made up on prices of stocks most likely to be affected by reduced crops.

Elsewhere the market presented unusual features and cross currents. The nominal decrease in tonnage for July shown by the United States Steel Corporation indicated no cessation in that important industry and the quarterly and monthly statements of independent manufacturers of fabricated iron and steel of the most hopeful tenor. Coppers recovered from their long period of comparative inactivity on signs of a renewal of last year's enormous inquiry from abroad. Munitions, motors and equipments were in better demand, a logical result of the recent placing of additional foreign contracts. An important factor was the annual statement of the American Locomotive Company, showing a 5-fold increase in earnings over the preceding year. Other specialties of a less distinctive class were more uncertain rose to higher levels. Issues whose future may be affected by tariff revision were occasionally heavy.

There was no very direct reflections of the successful operations reported by the armies of the Entente powers, foreign exchange being little altered. The new British loan remains in abeyance pending an agreement as to amount and period of maturity.

INTERESTING COLLECTION IN BRITISH CENSOR'S MUSEUM

Most Curious Exhibits Have Been Gathered From the Mails.

London, Aug. 13.—The most interesting museum in London is not open to the general public. It is the museum of the censor and contains a collection of most curious exhibits which represent attempts that have been made to evade the British naval blockade since the outbreak of the war.

Most of these exhibits come from the United States where thousands of people of German extraction have despatched all sorts of useful things to friends and relatives in the Fatherland. Many of the exhibits indicate the pains and ingenuity of the senders; in some instances they made a pound of lard look like a copy of the morning paper or a packet of pure rubber like a bundle of narcissus bulbs.

A side of bacon weighing forty pounds is mute evidence of the attempt made by a St. Louis man to assuage the hunger of some friends or relatives in what was undoubtedly his former home town. In his anxiety to get the bacon to Germany this man sent it by first class mail and attached stamps to the bacon itself to the value of nearly $5.

There are many other instances in which the stamps on the packages by far exceed the value of the contents. Many parcels have duplicate covers. They are addressed to someone in a neutral country, whose business it is to pull off one cover and repost them to the German or Austrian address revealed below.

An enterprising Buffalo man sent a large number of letters each containing a sheet of pure rubber. Robber has been a scarce commodity in Germany for more than a year and efforts have repeatedly been made to get through the blockade all sorts of these articles. Once in Germany the rubber would be sent to a central depot where it ultimately would have emerged as rubber tires.

This censor's museum contains huge bundles of newspapers or what appeared at first glance to be newspapers. Closer inspection reveals that the neatly rolled ends are but cleverly made plugs of pape rand wood. When one of these plugs is pulled out there is uncovered a long sausage-shaped bag of calico containing anything from sliced ham to Para rubber, from rice to tobacco.

Two iron crosses are not the least interesting of the exhibits. They are the original article and were being sent from Germany to a child in the United States. The consigner was maker of the crosses, the head of the firm that supplies them to the German government, and in an accompanying letter he suggests that the recipients wear them.

Shoes are the most numerous of the exhibits and most of these come from the United States.

In several cases they are wrapped carefully in a piece of best sole leather.

All these things, neatly laid out and ticketed, are merely samples of large contraband cargoes that have found their way into the hands of the British authorities. They are not confiscated but will some day get to their proper destinations, only at present the British government has "interned" them.

WOULD FORM HOME GUARD

Organization at Kinston Proposed by Judge Allen.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Kinston, N. C., Aug. 13.—Judge O. H. Allen proposes the organization of a home guard company for Kinston, such as has been formed in Goldsboro and other places. In Connecticut and some other states the movement has been quite extensive, resulting in the formation of whole battalions and regiments, he understands. There are several reasons why Kinston should have such an organization, Judge Allen states, not the least of which is the training and discipline that would be available for young men who would be expected to comprise the bulk of the membership. Now, while there are many collegians at home, they being proper men and having time to start the thing off, is the oportunity for the organization, the judge thinks.

Columbus, O., August 13. — The fifth meeting of the 1916 grand circuit racing opens here toworrow under the auspices of the Columbus Driving Park Company. Nineteen events composed the week's programme.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

August 13, 1916.

Meteorological data for the day ending at 8 P. M.:

Tempearture at 8 A. M., 80 degrees; at 8 P. M., 78 degrees; maximum, 93 degrees; minimum, 77 degrees; mean, 85 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .07 inch; rainfall fo rthe month, to date, .85 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday 5.5 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina: Fair and somewhat cooler Monday; Tuesday partly cloudy.

The Port Calendar, Aug. 14, 1916.

Sun rises .....5:33 A. M.
Sun sets .....7:00 P. M.
Day's length .....13 hrs. 27 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	10:06	10:36	5:19	5:38
Southport	8:14	8:40	2:11	2:27
Masonboro Inl	8:03	8:29	1:51	2:07

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS
August 12, 1916.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P.M.
Abilene	clear	98	—	.0
Asheville	cldy	82	68	.0
Atlanta	cldy	88	72	.40
Augusta	rain	96	76	.90
Baltimore	clear	76	—	.10
Birmingh.	rain	88	74	.46
Boston	pt cldy	70	—	.22
Charleston	cldy	96	78	.04
Charlotte	cldy	88	74	.0
Chicago	clear	70	—	.0
Galveston	pt cldy	84	80	.88
Jacksonv.	clear	92	74	.0
Memphis	rain	94	—	.74
Mobile	clear	90	76	.0
Montgom'y	cldy	90	74	.34
New Orl	pt cldy	88	78	.34
New York	clear	70	—	.0
Oklahoma	clear	102	—	.0
Palestine	clear	94	76	.0
Pittsburg	clear	70	—	.0
Raleigh	cldy	90	76	.02
Savannah	pt cldy	94	76	.0
Shreveport	cldy	96	—	.0
St. Louis	pt cldy	72	—	2.84
Washing'n	pt cldy	76	—	.18

GERMANS ATTEMPT NO ACTION NORTH OF THE SOMME RIVER

Paris, via London, Aug. 13.—The official statement today reads as follows:

"North of the Somme no action by the enemy was attempted during the day. Minor combats enabled us to progress on the slopes of Hill 109 southeast of Maurepas. Artillery fighting continues somewhat violently in the sectors of Barleux and Chaulnes.

"On the left bank of the Meuse a strong German attack made yesterday evening on our lines south of Avocourt wood was stopped by our Barrage fire and grenades. There was an intermittent bombardment on the right bank. On the remainder of the front the day was calm. In the afternoon, one of the enemy's long range guns fired four large calibre shells in the direction of Nancy."

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South. Bulletin of Round-Trip Fares in Effect from Wilmington.

ASHEVILLE, N. C. $14.05
BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C. $14.05
HENDERSONVILLE, N. C. $14.05
HICKORY, N. C. $10.85
EDGEMONT, N. C. $12.85
PINEOLA, N. C. $19.30
LENOIR, N. C. $11.85
Tickets on sale Daily until October 15th, limited returning Midnight October 31st
LAKE JUNALUSKA, N. C. $12.55
WAYNESVILLE, N. C. $12.55
On sale July 9 to 14; July 19 to 24, inclusive; July 28 to August 1, inclusive; August 6 to 9, inclusive; limited returning midnight, July 26, August 16 and 28th.
BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C. $9.90
RIDGE CREST, N. C. $9.90
On sale June 27, 29 and 30th; July 6, 7, 13, 14, 20, 21 and 28; August 1, 4, 14, 15 and 22nd; limited returning midnight 17 days after date of sale.
MONTEAGLE, TENN $20.70
SEWANEE, TENN $20.70
On sale July 1, 3, 10, 11, 27, 28; August 5, 7, 10, 11 and 12th; limited returning midnight, July 30, August 1, 8, 9; Sept. 5.
SAVANNAH, GA $10.80
On sale August 12, 13 and 14; limited returning midnight, August 31st.
PHILADELPHIA, PA. $22.30
On sale August 19, 20, 21; limited returning midnight, August 30th.
NASHVILLE, TENN $20.30
On sale August 25, 26, 27; limited returning midnight, September 10th.
SAVANNAH, GA. $10.90
On sale September 4, 5; limited returning midnight, September 14th.

For further information call Phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel Building.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
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D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

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We buy Whole Issues of Bonds. Write us What You Have for Sale.

Atlantic Coast Line

"The Standard Railroad of the South."

Excursion Fares

FROM WILMINGTON

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

WASHINGTON $18.00
BALTIMORE $18.00
PHILADELPHIA $22.80
NEW YORK $23.00
BOSTON (Via Norfolk) $30.50
ASHEVILLE, N. C. $14.05
WAYNESVILLE, N. C. $15.35
LAKE TOXAWAY, N. C. $15.75
BREVARD, N. C. $14.95
HENDERSONVILLE, N. C. $14.05
SALUDA, N. C. $13.50
TRYON, N. C. $13.20

Tickets on sale every day until Sept. 30, good to stop over; limited returning until Oct. 31.

$9.90—Black Mountain and Ridge Crest.

Account Summer Schools and Conferences. Tickets will be sold August 1st, 4th, 14th, 15th, 22nd, limited to midnight of seventeenth day following, but not including date of sale.

$44.60—Shreveport, La.

Account Southern Cattlemen's Association. Tickets will be sold August 12, 13 and 14, limited returning until August 22.

$5.20—Washington, N. C.

Account Annual Convention and Tournament of North Carolina Volunteer Firemen's Association. Tickets on sale August 14, 15 and 16, limited returning until August 19.

$10.90—Savannah, Ga.,

Account Grand Aerie, Fraternal Order of Eagles. Tickets on sale August 12, 13 and 14; limited returning until August 31.

$13.25—Atlantic City, N. J.
$12.25—Baltimore, Md.
$10.25—Washington, D. C.
$8.25—Richmond, Va.
$8.25—Norfolk, Va.
$8.25—Virginia Beach, Va.

Account Annual Vacation Excursion. Tickets will be sold for all trains August 17, limited, returning, until September 1.

$35.00—Boston, Mass. (All Rail.)
$28.35—Boston, Mass. (Via Norfolk and Steamer.)

Account United Drug Convention. Tickets will be sold Aug. 18, 19 and 21, limited returning until August 31.

$22.30—Philadelphia, Pa.

Account National Convention, Grand Lodge, I. B. P. O. E. (colored). Tickets will be sold August 19, 20 and 21, limited returning until August 30.

$10.90—Savannah Ga.

Account National Baptist Convention (Colored). Tickets will be sold September 4 and 5, limited returning until September 14.

$13.20—Washington, D. C.

Account Biennial Session G. U. O. O. F. (Colored). Tickets will be sold Sept. 8, 9, 10 and 11, limited returning until September 20.

$18.30—Chattanooga, Tenn.

Account Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F. Tickets will be sold September 14, 15, 16 and 17, limited returning until September 27.

$33.05—Cleveland, Ohio.

Account Annual Convention, Brotherhood of St. Andrew. Tickets will be sold October 1, 2 and 3, limited returning until Oct. 12.

Proportionate Fares from Other Points on the ATLANTIC COAST LINE, "The Standard Railroad of the South."

'Phone 160.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Premier Carrier of the South.
New Sleeping Car Line Between Greensboro and Raleigh And Extension of Sleeping Car Between Winston-Salem and Morehead City and Beaufort.
Effective Sunday, June 25th, 1916.

Southern Railway announces inauguration new Sleeping Car Line between Greensboro and Raleigh, and extension of the present Winston-Salem-Raleigh Sleeping Car to Morehead City and Beaufort, making Winston-Salem-Morehead City-Beaufort Sleeping Car Line. The Winston-Salem-Morehead City-Beaufort car to be handled in connection with Norfolk Southern Railway from Goldsboro.

For details, address

J. O. JONES,
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TO EASTERN RESORTS, VIA THE

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AT THE FOLLOWING LOW ROUND TRIP FARES:

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J. $13.25
BALTIMORE, MD. $12.25
WASHINGTON, D. C. $10.25
RICHMOND, VA. $8.25
NORFOLK, VA. $8.25
VIRGINIA BEACH, VA $8.25

Tickets Will be Sold for All Trains on

THURSDAY, AUGUST 17TH

Limited returning to reach original starting point by or before midnight Friday, September 1st, 1916.

For fares, schedules, sleeping car accommodations and any desired information, call on

T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent
'Phone 160 Wilmington, N. C.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE
The Standard Railroad of the South.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective July 2, 1916. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90 3:40 A.M. Daily except Sunday.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91 1:15 A.M. Daily except Monday.
No. 51 5:30 A.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia open to receive outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied, inbound, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50 12:20 A.M. Daily.
No. 64 5:15 A.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65 6:15 P.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.
No. 48 8:40 A.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. **Parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains having Pilman service.**	Daily No. 49 6:05 P.M.
No. 53 8:45 A.M. Daily.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford. **Parlor cars between Wilmington and Greensboro.**	No. 52 3:00 P.M. Daily.
No. 62 3:25 P.M. Daily Except Sunday.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate stations.	No. 63 12:50 P.M. Daily Except Sunday.
No. 55 3:45 P.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta. **Sleeping cars daily between Wilmington and Asheville.**	No. 54 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 57 6:20 P.M. Sunday only.	Chadbourn, Conway and intermediate points. Excursion train.	No. 58 9:15 A.M. Sunday only.
No. 59 6:30 P.M. Tues., Thurs., Sat. and Sunday only.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60 10:15 A.M. Tues., Thurs., Sat. and Sunday only.
No. 42 6:45 P.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41 9:50 A.M. Daily.
No. 68 7:30 P.M. Sunday only.	Newbern and Intermediate points. Excursion train.	No. 69 10:15 A.M. Sunday only.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1916

WEEK - DAYS

Lv. "Electric Centre".	Lv. Beach.
6.15 A. M.	6.05 A. M.
6.55 A. M.	7.10 A. M.
7.25 A. M.	7.40 A. M.
8.00 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until	8.15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until
5.30 P. M.	5.45 P. M.
6.10 P. M.	6.20 P. M.
6.30 P. M. and every half hour thereafter until	6.50 P. M. 7.15 P. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11.00 P. M.	11.45 P. M.
12.10 A. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials will stop at 5th, 7th and 9th Sts., in Wilmington, and at Lumina.

BUSINESS MEN'S EXPRESS

Leaving Lumina daily, except Sunday, at 7:40 A. M., leaving Front and Princess streets daily, except Saturday and Sunday, at 6:10 P. M., stopping at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach.
6.00 A. M.	7.05 A. M.
9.30 A. M.	12.15 P. M.
3.30 P. M.	6.15 P. M.
7.00 P. M.	8.15 P. M.

Freight Depot open daily, except Sunday, from 8:00 A. M. until 1:00 P. M., and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.

Freight Depot Telephone, No. 96.

SUNDAYS

Lv. "Electric Centre"	Lv. Beach.
7.00 A. M.	6.40 A. M.
8.30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until	7.45 A. M. 9.15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11.00 P. M.	11.45 P. M.
12.10 A. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials will stop at 5th, 7th and 9th Sts., in Wilmington and at Lumina.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach.
11.00 A. M.	12.15 P. M.

Freight Depot open 10 to 11 A. M.

Freight Depot Telephone, No. 96.

J. B. McCABE & CO.,

Certified Public Accountants

Room 815 Murchison Bank Bldg.
'Phone: 906. WILMINGTON, N. C.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship Cherokee, Mon., August 7th
Steamship Cherokee, Fri., August 17th
Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship Cherokee, Wed., August 9th
Steamship Cherokee, Sun., August 20th
Wilmington to New York.
Steamship Cherokee, Thurs., August 3rd
Steamship Cherokee, Mon., August 14th.

Freight accepted from and for nearby North Carolina points at advantageous rates.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.
C. J. BECKER, Agent.
Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South. Effective May 28th, 1916.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM WILMINGTON:

No. 13—3:55 P. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR, WILMINGTON TO CHARLOTTE.

THROUGH DAILY PULLMAN SERVICE WILMINGTON TO ATLANTA — ALL STEEL CARS. ON FRIDAYS, THROUGH SLEEPER TO BIRMINGHAM.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE. Open at 10:00 P. M. for Passengers.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS AT WILMINGTON:

No. 14—12:40 P. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON.

THROUGH DAILY PULLMAN SERVICE ATLANTA TO WILMINGTON — ALL STEEL CARS. THROUGH SLEEPER FROM BIRMINGHAM SATURDAY.

No. 20—12:10 A. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON. PASSENGERS MAY REMAIN IN SLEEPER UNTIL 7:00 A. M.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Agent, Orton Building. 'Phone 178.

R. W. WALLACE, C. T. A. H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A.
Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

Attractive Low Round Trip Fares

—VIA—

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

$17.45 GOLDSBORO, N. C., to LYTLE, Ga. (near Chattanooga), and return, account National Military Training Camp at Fort Oglethorpe. Tickets on sale during April, May, June, July and August. See ticket agent for limits and other information.

LOW ROUND TRIP FARES FROM ALL other points, on same basis.

THE SOUTHERN SERVES THE SOUTH

O. F. YORK, T. P. A.,
mh16-tf Raleigh, N. C.

Str. A. P. HURT

Wilmington to Fayetteville

AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS.

Freight and Passenger

SAILINGS: TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS, 5:30 P. M.

PLANTERS' STEAMBOAT CO.,
S. M. King, Gen. Mgr.
Phone 820. Wharf Foot of Chestnut st.

DOZEN OR MORE DOGS 'OFFICIALLY' EXECUTED

Untaxed Canines at New Bern are Drowned in Neuse River.

Yelps and Moans of Animals Almost Cause Women to Go Into Hysterics—Prolong Resort Season—Other News.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New Bern, N. C., August 13. — A dozen or more dogs caught during the past week by the official dog catcher and on which the owners had not paid the license tax, were last night officially executed by employees of the city at Union Point, and the job was so badly botched and consumed so much time that a number of ladies in the neighborhood who heard the yelps and moans of the animals, almost went into hysterics.

The animals were placed in a slatted cage and rolled overboard into Neuse river. The executioners had counted on the water being deep enough to do the work, but such was not the case, and it was necessary to get a boat and tow the cage and its contents further out in the stream.

In the meantime, the drowning animals howled and moaned, and imprecations which were heaped on the heads of those in charge of the work were many and varied. The city officials are determined to get rid of the untaxed dogs, and much as they dislike to do it, those on which the tax has not been paid will be put to death, and next time there will be no hitch in the proceedings.

Hotel to Remain Open.

Manager R. P. Foster, of the Atlantic Hotel, announces that this hostelry will remain open at least until November 1st, and perhaps longer, and this announcement will be of interest all over the State, the patrons of the place being from all sections of North Carolina.

There is a record-breaking crowd of guests at the hotel now and numbers of them are coming in daily, and, in fact, the crowd reminds one very much of those usually seen there during the month of July, which, in the past, has been a record breaker.

Manager Foster states that the hotel may be kept open longer than the date mentioned above, but it is probable that it will be closed at that time.

Miss Jones in Accident.

A message received here yesterday told of the narrow escape which Miss Albertina Jones, daughter of Captain and Mrs. N. W. Jones, of this city, had on the previous night, while en route from Norfolk to Ocean View in a large touring car.

In the machine with Miss Jones were Miss Annie Laurie Wicker, of Elon College, N. C.; Miss Jessie Babcock, of Norfolk, Va.; Mr. Arthur Kemp, Clarence Todd and Lee Henley, of Norfolk.

The driver of the machine was blinded by the lights of an approaching car, and ran his machine over a high embankment. The occupants were thrown out and pretty badly bruised, but, fortunately, none of them were seriously injured.

Races Next Tuesday.

If Jupe Pluve will give New Bern the high sign next Tuesday and pass on to other parts one of the most exciting horse races ever seen in Eastern North Carolina will be seen at the Eastern Carolina fair grounds track.

These races were to have been held yesterday afternoon, and there were several hundred spectators on hand to witness the event, but rain prevented them from being held.

Thirty or more horses are entered for the races, which begin at 2 o'clock, and the speed tests will, without doubt, prove of real interest.

Bridgeton Has No Death Rate.

Bridgeton, the little town just across Neuse river, from New Bern, and which has a population of six hundred, can proudly boast that, thus far in the year 1916 it has had no death rate, not a single person having died there.

In a statement made today Mayor Waters, who is at the head of the government there, stated that he believed that they held the record along this line and, so far as is known, this is correct. While there have been no deaths at Bridgeton, there have been a large number of births, and the population has been considerably increased since January 1st.

Falls in Well, and Drowns.

Ezekiel Brown, a colored youth, whose home is near Bayboro, in Pamlico county, lost his life in a most peculiar manner a few days ago, according to reports reaching New Bern today.

In the yard of the boy's home is an open well, and he had gone out to draw a bucket of water from this. In some way he became overbalanced and fell headlong into the water several feet below.

No help was at hand, and he was drowned, his body being discovered several hours later, when search for him was made.

Tobacco Barn Destroyed by Fire.

A barn filled with a high grade of tobacco and owned by Mr. A. T. Wetherington, of Clarks, was destroyed near that place last night, together with its contents.

The blaze was discovered about 10 o'clock, and efforts were made to extinguish it, but these proved of no avail and the barn was soon a mass of smouldering embers. The tobacco in the barn was valued at $2.00.

A Human Interest Story.

With a year-old baby in her arms, Mrs. Alice Edwards, wife of McDuff Edwards, formerly of Bridgeton, yesterday morning sat in a chair in the municipal court room and told a tale of woe to the officers who were in court at that time that was so pathetic that in many eyes tears glistened.

The woman had come to New Bern in search of her husband, who, she had heard, had been arrested by the local police. She stated that Edwards left her in March, 1915, and went West, where he joined the army. Later he deserted and has not been heard from since.

She told in a pathetic manner of the hardships she had endured in raising her oldest child, which is about five years of age, and of the further hardships encountered when her baby was born. The woman has been living with relatives at Lathams, near New Bern, and, judging from her story, they are getting tired of feeding and clothing her and her children.

"If I could find my husband," the woman said, "I believe he would do something for the children. They are both so little and sickly that I almost cry every time I look at them."

There was a soldier by the name of Edwards captured here a few days ago and taken to Camp Glenn, from which place he had deserted. It was this man Mrs. Edwards thought was her husband. So far as the local police know, McDuff Edwards has not been in this section since he left for the West in 1915.

HOLLAND PREPARING FOR GREAT ECONOMIC STRUGGLE

Anticipates World Industrial Fight After the War Ends.

The Hague, Netherlands, Aug. 13.—Holland is anticipating and preparing for a great economic world struggle after the war. It is publicly urged that she must be on her guard against an overwhelming foreign invasion, particularly from Germany, which even before the war, wielded an almost predominant influence in several spheres of Dutch life. At the same time, the commercial and industrial princes of the Netherlands cherish the hope that in some respects peace may bring them specially favorable opportunities in new and valuable markets.

From either point of view it is demanded that Holland shall economically arm herself whil ethere is yet time, particularly emphasizing the importance of an improved foreign intelligence service. The result is that a special commercial envoy has already been charged with investigations in Russia, and a bill has now been introduced by Dr. John London, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, to vote money for an extension of the Dutch economic intelligence service aboard.

Dr. Loudon proposes to make the service more mobile by enabling the professional consuls to travel far more extensively in their consular districts and establish personal relations with the honorary consuls and vice-consuls with whom they have to co-operate. Special measures are also to be taken to enable them to become better acquainted with the Dutch colonies. A number of consular officials in general service are also to be held at the disposal of the foreign office for special missions and charges of a temporary nature, with the object of keeping Dutch agriculture, industry and commerce well informed. And finally, experts will be employed to report and advise on technical matters, some of them joining the permanent staff. A sum of $20,000 is asked for to cover the estimated expenditure in the remaining months of the current year.

TEXTBOOK COMMISSION NOW FEEL GREATLY RELIEVED

Claim Especially Advantageous Contracts for Books.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 13.—The State officers constituting the State textbook commission are congratulating themselves on having this arduous task, which occurs every five years, well behind them for the coming period and they claim especially advantages contracts, both as to the superior merits of the books adopted and the prices at which they are to be supplied to the people.

It is found that North Carolina's school book list as fa ras the books are concerned that are involved in the adoption contracts round out an annual expenditure by the school patrons of about $750,000 and that the average cost of the books per child for the school year is about 70 cents. Of course the North Carolina annual expenditure for school books is much greater than the three quarters of a million dollars quoted, for the reason that numbers of the graded schools and high schools adopt their own textbooks independent of the State textbook commission.

Members of the State textbook commission say that of the textbooks readopted this time none of them are at a higher price than under the previous contract and a number of them are at lower figures, this too, in spite of the great increase in the price of print paper, as one of the textbook commissioners expressed it.

BANKERS CALLED TO MEET IN RALEIGH ON WEDNESDAY

To Discuss Reserve Board's Recent Order as to Check Clearing.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 13.—North Carolina bankers are called to meet in Raleigh on Wednesday of this week for the special purpose of taking whatever steps are advisable looking to the permanent withdrawal of the recent order of the plan of the Federal Reserve Board to change the check clearing system by providing for postoffices to collect checks, thereby making serious inroads on the revenue of great numbers of the smaller banks, most especially.

The call for the Wednesday conference is issued by President W. S. Blakeney, Monroe, and Secretary W. A. Hunt, Henderson, and the indications are that there will be a very large attendance and unanimity in demand that there be a permanent concelation of the order that they insist would prove disastrous for great numbers of the banks in the State and the Nation.

FOR BENEFIT OF ARTISTS.

New Industry Started in Form of Painting Furniture.

London, Aug. 13. — A new industry for the benefit of artists, whose incomes have been so severely affected by the war, has been started in the form of te painting of furniture.

Lady Kinlock is the originator of the idea, and the new form of decoration promises to become popular. Queen Mary has just visited the studio opened by her in the Chelsea district of London and purchased some of the furniture. There were to be seen examples of chairs and settees reproduced from some at Lady Kinloch's country home that particularly interested the royal visitor; also an Italian tea-room set, mirrors, screens, and a complete bedroom set. A suite of the new painted furniture has just been sent to Lord Shaughnessy, in Canada.

Arrangements have been made for a permanent exhibit of the work by a West End firm, which is undertaking the business management of the new war industry, in which a number of the cleverest London artists are exercising their talents.

WINTER ONLY MAY STOP GREAT DRIVE

(Continued from Page One.)

able to see all the way to Bapaume. Thus exposed, the German guns have been gradually retiring.

The British are hammering every village on the way to Bapaume and Bapaume itself and at the same time their superior numbers of aeroplanes continue droppng bombs on the same targets that the artillery bombards. Wherever the Germans are quartered they are subjected night and day to this nerve-wrecking bombardment.

ONLY THE PRESIDENT CAN AVERT A STRIKE OF THE RAILROAD MEN

(Continued From Page One.)

together with the demands of the men, if granted, would increase the wages of many of their employes more than 100 per cent."

Elisha Lee, chairman of the conference committee of railroad managers, declined to discuss the crisis other than to say that the railroads had proposed first, mediation, and then arbitration without success. He placed the responsibility for the utter failure of the mediators upon the men.

Places Blame on Railroads.

A. B. Garretson, president of the Order of Railway Trainmen, the official spokesman for the men, on the other hand placed the blame for the break entirely upon th eunbending attitude of the railroads.

When the mediators realized that further parley was useless they extended the President's invitation. The men did not vote to accept the call until two hours after it had been received.

That the President may succeed in bringing the opposing faction to an agreement as to the merits of arbitration was indicated in Garretson's response to a question on that point.

"I have no comment to make on what the President may succeed in accomplishing," he said. "Our determination to reject arbitration was due to the attitude of the railroads. Indifference always breeds resistance. And the railroads have been inidfferent to the demands of the men. They have never made an honest effort to effect a settlement. They have offered to mediate our demands without offering to mediate anything in return. Had they shown a disposition to meet us half way the situation might now be different."

President Garretson declared the brotherhoods were prepared to be just as firm as the railroads.

Secretary Tumulty gave out tonight the following message from President Wilson to the chairman of the conference committee of managers and to the heads of the four railway brotherhoods.

"I have learned with surprise and with keen disappointment that an agreement concerning the settlement of the matters in controversy between the railways and their employes has proved imposible.

"A general strike on the railways would be any time have a most far-reaching and injurious effect on the country. At this time the effect might be disastrous. I feel that I have the right, therefore, to request, and I do hereby request, as the head of the government, that before any final decision is arrived at I may have a personal conference with you here. I shall hold you may be able to reach Washington." hyself ready to meet you at any time

President Wilson told Mr. Tumulty over the telephone that he would cancel all engagements to discuss the situation.

Mr. Tumulty telephones to W. L. Chambers, commissioner of the mediation board, and arranged to go back to Washington at midnight with the men who have been meeting here. Mr. Chambers told Mr. Tumulty he had telegraphed details of the situation to Mr. Wilson.

PRESIDENT PREPARED TO MAKE AN INSISTENT APPEAL

Washington, Aug. 13.—President Wilson, deeply concerned over the possibility that a general strike may tie up the country's railroads is prepared to make an insistent appeal for an amiable settlement when the representatives of the railroads and their representatives confer at the White House tomorrow.

The President has been in close touch with developments and has used every available agency of the Federal government to bring the two factions together.

He has taken no stand on the merits of the controversy and it is not expected that he will do so at the conference tomorrow. It is understood he will reiterate the arguments set forth in the communication delivered in New York tonight by Secretary Tumulty and will emphasize the far-reaching effect a strife would have on the whole country.

The President is said to feel that regardless of the points at issue a way still can be found for settlement with out a strike. Whether he will suggest any new form of mediation, now that government agencies have been exhausted, was not known tonight, but it was said he was ready to go to great lengths in order to avert an actual break.

No official comment on the situation was made at the White House during the day. It was announced, however, that the President would be ready to see the delegations as early tomorrow as they could reach Washoington and was prepared to devote the entire day, if necessary to impressing upon them the advisability of taxing no drastic steps.

BERLIN RECORDS NO GAINS FOR BRITISH AND FRENCH

Berlin, (via London), Aug. 13.—The French and British hurled large masses of troops against German position on the Somme yesterday and alst night. The official statement of the German army headquarters today records no gains for the Entente Allies and says the assaults between Thiephval and Guillemont broke down with the heaviest losses. The statement follows:

"Between Thiephval and the Somme our allied opponents yesterday after the previous restricted first fighting, combined their whole forces in the Ovillers-Pozieres sector in a united attack along the entire front. The attack between Thiepval and Gillemont broke down with the heaviest losses to the enemy. Further south as far as Somme it came to heavy hand-to-hand fighting with French forces which attacked repeatedly. The fighting continuing throughout the entire night and near Maurepas and to the east of Hem it is still in progress.

"Directly south of the Somme enemy forces made an attack which broke down completely under our fire.

On the remainder of the front there were no developments of importance north of Vermeles, near Combres and south of Lusse our patrols took prisoners in the enemy line. At several positions expeditions of enemy reconnoitering detachments were repulsed.

"A British biplane was shot down southwest of Bapume. The Emperor has bestowed the Order Four Le Merite upon Lieutenant Frankl who took part in a successful aerial encounter south of Bapume on August 9."

Raliegh, N. C., Aug. 13.—Two aged Confederate veterans, Comrades Willis and Coons, are in the infirmary for treatment at the Soldiers' Home as the result of a fistic encounter they had growing out of a quarrel over differences of opinion as to how certain of the Civil War battles were pulled off. The dispute grew personal and the fight was on fast and furious before comrades could interfere and prevent painful injuries. Both did typical "Johnny Rebel" fighting and are now profusely bandaged and plastered for the hurts.

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FOR SALE — TWENTY-THREE FOX hounds, the kind that catch foxes. Caught thirty-four with this pack last season. W. H. Allen, Louisburg, N. C. au13-7t*

FOR SALE — SEVEN ROOM RESIdence, 109 North Thirteenth street (Winoca); all modern conveniences; near trolley line; lot 55x112. 'Phone 1146-J or call. au11-tf

LOST — IN TENT OR ON BOARD walk, sound side, at Lumina, yesterday, a lady's diamond ring. Finder return to "R. J. J.," care Star, and receive reward. au14-2t*

FOR SALE — ELECTRIC RUNABOUT. Will sell at a bargain. See John Wallace, at Hilton Lumber Co. au14-1t

IF IT IS HOME YOU WANT, THE CArolina Building and Loan Association will assist you in providing the easy way. See the Secretary for particulars at 123 Princess street. au14-1t

PALM BEACH AND COOL CLOTH Suits cleaned and pressed, 35c.; suits pressed, 25c. Work can't be beat. Try us. American Practical Hatter, 128 Market st.; 'phone 393-J. au14-1t

NEW RECORD MADE IN APPROPRIATIONS

(Continued From Page One).

cates of a small navy have made their last fight. If leaders' predictions are justified, the Senate will quickly adopt the conference report so that the last of the defense measures may be ready for President Wilson's approval by Saturday. Applications for preparedness will aggregate $640,000,000 if there is no reduction in the naval programme.

While the House is bringing defense legislation to a close, the Senate will pass the ship bill, workmen's compensation bill and conference reports preparatory for the revenue bill on which a stubborn political assault will be waged by the Republicans. When the amended revenue bill gets through conference it is expected Congress will be ready to adjourn. Leaders of both parties are hoping adjournment will come by September 1, although Senate Republicans intend to make one more attempt to force consideration of the immigration bill. Unless Democrats change their minds this attempt will fail.

CORPORATION STOCK LICENSE TAX IS DETERMINED UPON

Washington, April 13.—A corporation stock license tax to raise aproximately $20,000,000, elimination of most of the objection stamp taxes, with an amendment of the proposed net profit tax on munitions manufacturers, were determined upon by the Democratic Senate caucus tonight after a stormy five hour debate on the revenue bill.

Southern and Western senators made a bitter assault upon the finance committee amendment which proposed a 10 per cent tax on the net profits of manufacturers of materials used as component parts of munitions of war. It was insisted that it would result in a heavy tax on cotton and copper entering into such manufacture. A motion by Senator Underwood to strike out the proposal was defeated 20 to 25 after Senator Simmons, chairman, of the committee, had agreed to reduce the tax on materials to five per cent.

As approved, the section provides that a net profit tax of 10 per cent. be levied upon manufacturers of all munitions of war, and that a 5 per cent tax be levied on manufacturers of materials which enter into such munitions.

Senators Simmons' suggestion of a license tax of 50 cents on each $1,000 of capital stock undivided profits and surplus of all corporations $100,000 of the stock of each corporation to be exempted was incorporated into an amend which was unanimously approved.

Senator Lewis stirred the caucus, which was the first to meet on Sunday within the memory of any senator, by introducing a resolution to postpone action on the revenue bill until the next session of Congress and to direct an issue of Panama Canal bonds to meeet expenses of the government up to that time. The Illinois senator urged that circumstances abroad might be so altered within a few months as to materially affect revenue requirements. No vote was taken on the resolution and its adoption, administration leaders believe is unlikely.

METHODIST LAYMEN TO MEET AT JUNALUSKA THIS WEEK

Secretary Daniels and William J. Bryan Scheduled to Speak.

Asheville, N. C., August 13. — The triennial conference of the Laymen's Missionary Movement of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, will open at Lake Junaluska, Waynesville, Tuesday morning, and it is stated that all previous records of attendance will be broken, this statement being estimated on the large number of delegates already registered. Among the speakers on the programme for the ten days of the conference are Hon. Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, and William Jennings Bryan, former Secretary of State. Full railroad service to Waynesville, which was interrupted by the recent floods, has been resumed.

CHICKENS; CHICKENS; CHICKENS— All sizes, 25c, 30c, 40c, 45c and 50c each. We guarantee to please. Very best of beef, veal, pork and lambs. Fresh lot of country butter just received. Phone No. 72, Batson's Meat Market, 115 Market street. au 12-tf

HAVOLINE OIL—FIVE GALLONS famous Havoline Oil in can for $1.75. MacMillan's Garage. au 12-3t

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM COTTAGE AT Winter Park; water, sewerage and lights; located on highest spot in Park; just a hundred yards from station, between shell road and car line. Lot 99x240 feet. Has large barn, servants' quarters, and fruit trees. Address "Cottage," care Star. mh 23-tf

FOR RENT—TWO-STORY DWELLING, seven rooms, with all modern conveniences; 313 Grace street. Possession given at once. Apply W. C. Peterson, 'Phone 208-J jy16-tf

I'LL BET YOUR BUSINESS IS CROWDed for room. Why not see me about the two Garrell Building stores. F. A. Lord, Agent. au6-tf

WANTED — TO RENT, FURNISHED cottage on Wrightsville Beach, from August 25th to September 10th. Give location and terms. Box No. 25, Magnolia, N. C. au11-4t*

PLACE YOUR ORDERS FOR MAGAzines and newspapers with Gordon Bros., 17 Princess street. 'Phone 745. au11-tf

FOR QUICK SALE, I OFFER MY FIVE hundred-acre farm, five miles north of Kenansville, Duplin county Court House. Five miles of railroad station. This is a fine cotton and tobacco farm. Price, $20.00 per acre; one-fourth cash, balance in five years. Good buildings on farm, seven horse crop cleared, one million feet pine timber unsold. Come look it over and be convinced. It's the bargain of your life. H. G. Williamson, Mount Olive, N. C. au13-2t*

WANTED—A GOOD STENOGRAPHER, swift with dictation. Address, "Manager," care General Delivery, City. au 13-2t*

DEMAND FOR STEOGRAPHERS greater than the supply. Good stenographers are never out of work. $50.00 payable monthly covers course shorthand and typewriting; day and night lessons. Leon L. Motte, Court Stenographer, 105 Church street. Phone 737-W. au 13-7t*

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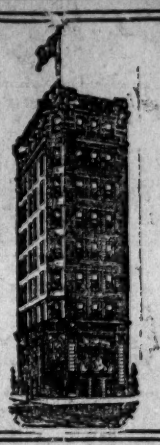

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